THE TRI-WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH Will be published every Monday, Wed-nesday and Friday, by

HODGES, HUGHES & CO. AT FOUR DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable in advance.

THE WEEKLY COMMONWEALTH, a large main moth sheet, is published every Tuesday morning TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM, in advance. Our terms for advertising, either in the Tri-Weekly or Weekly Commonwealth, will be as liboral as in any of the newspapers published in the

### STATEMENT

### ST. LOUIS MUTUALLIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

On the 1st day of May, 1864, made to the Auditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d Dont March, 1856.

First. The name of this Company is the "ST. LOUIS MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COM-PANY," and is located in the city of St. Louis

Second. The amount of capital stock The amo .nt of capital stock paid up

ASSETS. 

lien of record, on real estate in the city of St. Louis, worth double the amount of loan, per schedule an-

six per cent. interest...... Premium and other notes, bearing 

cent. interest. Office furniture, iron safe, &c ...... Revenue stamps ...

LIABILITIES. 1st. Due and not due to Banks, and other creditors......2d. Losses adjusted and not due.....

bilities except the liabilities on policies in force as follows, viz: 630 policies in force, insuring in

Samuel Willi, President, and William T. Selby, Secretary of the St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, being severally sworn, depose and say, and each for himself says, that the foregoing is a full, true, and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital. in cash on hand and in of actual Cash Capital, in cash on hand and invested as above stated; and that the portion thereof invested in real estate security, is upon unin-cumbered property in the city of St. Louis, worth double the amount of said loans, and that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; and that they are the above described officers of said St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance

SAMUEL WILLI, President. WM. T. SELBY, Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, a Notary Public in and for said city and county of St. Louis, State of Missouri, this 16th day of May,

S. PERIT RAWLE, Notary Public. STATE OF MISSOURI.

CITY AND COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS. I, the undersigned, Recorder of Deeds, in and or the aforesaid county, do hereby certify that S. for the aforesaid county, do hereby certify that S.

Perit Rawle, whose name is appended to the jurat of the foregoing deposition, was, at the date thereof, a Notary Public in and for the city and county of St. Louis, duly authorized to admiris county of St. Louis, duly authorized to administer oaths for general purposes, and that I am well acquainted with the hand writing of said S. Perit Rawle, and verily believe the signature to said

L. s. my hand and affixed my official seal this tum ad valorem.

On productions
A. C. BERNONDY, Recorder.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KY., FRANKFORT, May 26, 1864. I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in thisoffice.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set [L.S.] my hand and affixed my official seal, the day and year above written.

ED. KEENON, Assistant Auditor.

[No. 58, Original.]
AUDITOR'S OFFICE,

FRANKFORT, May 26, 1864. ]

THIS IS TO CERTIFY, That ALBERT G.
HODGES, as Agent of the St. Louis Mutal Life
Insurance Company of St. Louis, Mo., at Frankfort, Franklin county, has filed in this office the fort, Franklin county, has med at this once the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate (not including engines or rigging,) hereafter built, be subject to the regulations of the Commissioner Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown proved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown On slate, freestone, sandstone, marble and centum ad valorem.

On slate, freestone, sandstone, marble and building stone of any other description, when the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said Albert G. Hodges, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Frankfort, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred. said Company has been reduced below one hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

day and year above written.

ED. KEENON, Assistant Auditor. Risks taken and Policies issued promptby A. G. HODGES, Agent. per centum ad valorem. Frankfort Ky., June 3, 1864—tw—329. On all furniture, or other contents.

OFFICIAL.

LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES.

Passed at the First Session of the Thirtyeighth Congress.

PUBLIC-NO. 148.7

On brown or Musecvado sugar not above num-ber twelve Dutch standard in color, produced from the sugar cane and not from sorghum, or imphee, other than those produced by the refiner, a duty t two cents per pound.
On all clarified or refined sugars above num

per twelve and not above number eighteen Dutch standard in color, produced directly from the sugar cane and not from sorghum or mphee, a duty of two and one-half cents pe

On all clarified or refined sugars above number eighteen Dutch standard in color, produced directly from the sugar cane and not from sorghum or imphce, a duty of three and one-half cents per

On the gross amount of the sales of sugar re-finers, including all the products of their manu-factories or refineries, a duty of two and a hali of one per centum ad valorem: Provided, That every person shall be regarded as a sugar refiner, and pay the duties levied by law, whose business it is to advance the quality and value of sugar upon which a duty has been assessed and paid by melting and recrystalization, or by liquoring, claying or other washing process, or by any advance the quality or value of m lasses, con-centrated molasses or melado, apon which a duty has been assessed and paid, by boiling or other

On sugar candy and all confectionery made On sugar candy and all confectionery made wholly or in part of sugar, valued at not exceeding twenty cents per pound, a duty of two cents per pound; exceeding twenty and not exceeding forty cents per pound, a duty of four cents per pound; when exceeding forty cents per pound, or sold by the box, package, or otherwise than by the pound, a duty of ten per centum ad

On chocolate and coca prepared, a duty of one

580 74 and not exceeding thirty-eight cents per pound, 949 45 when valued above thirty-eight cents per pound, duty of one and a half cent per pound; and duty of olight cents per pound,

duty of eight cents per pound. On white lead, a duty of thirty five cents per

On oxide of zinc, a duty of thirty-live cents per one hundred pounds.
On sulphate of barytes, a duty of twelve cents per one hundred pounds: Provided, That white lead, oxide of zinc, and sulphate of barytes, paints and painters' colors, or any one of them, shall not be subject to any additional duty in consequence of being mixed or ground with linesed oil, when the duties upon all the materials so mixed or ground shall have been previously baid.

os on Viz:

or ing in Viz:

or 2,152,800 00

On all paints and painters' colors, dry or ground in oil, or in paste with water, not otherwise provided for, a duty of five per centum ad valorem.

On varnish or Japan, made wholly or in part f gum copal, or other gums or substances, a duty

On gold leaf, eighteen cents per pack, containing not more than twenty books of twenty-

On gold toil, two dollars per ounce troy

on paper of all descriptions, including paste-board, binders' board, and tarred paper for roofing or other purposes, a duty of three per centum ad On soap, castile, palm oil, erasive, and soap of

on soap, castile, paim oil, crasive, and soap of all other descriptions, white or colored, except softsoap and soap otherwise provided for, valued at not above five cents per pound, a duty of two mills per pound; valued at above five cents per pound of duty of one cent per pound.

On soap, fancy, scented, honey, cream, transparent, and all descriptions of toilet and shaving soap a duty of five cents per received.

oap, a duty of five cents per pound.
On soft soap, a duty of five per centum ad va-On all uncompounded chemical productions, not therwise provided for, a duty of five per centum

On essential oils, of all descriptions, a duty of five per centum ad valoren

On bill heads, printed, printed cards and printed circulars, a duty of five per centum ad valo-

le, and verily believe the signature to said
Sition is genuine.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set tions, except newspapers, a duty of five per century.

On productions of stereotypers, lithographers, and ongravers, a duty of five per centum ad va-

On photographs or any other sun picture, be

On all repairs of engines, cars, carriages, or other articles, when such repairs increase the val-ue of the articles so repaired, ten per centum or

three per centum ad valorem.

On brick, draining tiles, and earthern and in testimony whereof, I have set my hand the stone water pipes, a duty of three per centum ad on the increased value thereof when so manufacture, it shall be assessed only on the increased value thereof when so manufacture.

On brick, draining tiles, and earthern and on the increased value thereof when so manufacture.

sold in the rough or unfinished, a duty of five per centum ad valorem: Provided, That all furniture, or other articles made of wood, previously assessed, and a duty paid thereon, shall be assessed, and a duty paid thereon, shall be assessed.

and a haif cent per pound.

On saleratus and bicarbonate of soda, a duty of five mills per pound.

On starch made of potatoes, a duty of two mills per pound; made of corn or wheat, a duty of three mills per pound; made of rice or any other material, a duty of one cent per pound.

On gunpowder, and all expolsive substances used for mining, blasting, artillery, or sporting purposes, when valued at twenty-eight cents per pound, when valued at above twenty-eight cents per pound, and not exceeding thirty-eight cents per pound.

Inails and spikes, not including nails, tacks, brads, used to the centwise, nor of non-brownise, nor horse-shoe nails wrought by machinery, a duty of or any other material, a duty of one cent per pound.

On smoking tobacco and exclusively of stems and not exceeding thirty-eight cents per pound, and not exceeding thirty-eight cents per pound.

On smoking tobacco and exclusively of stems and not mixed with leaf or leaf and stems, fifteen entired.

standing.
On iron casting used for bridges or other permanent structures, a duty of three dollars per

On stoves and hollow-ware and eastings of iron one hundred pounds.

On oxide of zine, a duty of thirty-five cents per not otherwise provided for, a duty of three dellars

On eigarettes made of tobacco, enclosed in a paper wrapper, valued at not overfive dollars per fundred packages, each containing not more than twenty-five dollars per ton. Provided, That when a duty of not less than three dollars per ton, a duty of not less than three dollars per ton, a duty only, in addition thereto, shall be paid of two dollars per ton. Provided, further, That castings of iron, and iron of all descriptions advanced beyond pig iron, blooms, slabs, or loops, upon which no duty has been assessed or paid in the form of pig iron, blooms, slabs, or loops, shall be assessed and pay, in addition to the foregoing rates of iron so advanced, a duty of three dollars per thousand, three dollars per thousand.

On steel, in inverte, he are the duty of three dollars per thousand.

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On steel, in inverte, he are the duty of the du diameter, nuts and washers not less than two ounces each in, weight, and bolts exceeding five-sixteenths of one inch in diameter, a duty of five dollars per ton: Provided, That when a duty upon theiron from which rivets, nuts, washers, and

\*Both resisted by the Company on the ground of violation of conditions of policies; that of \$4,000 of five per centum ad valorem.

On glue and gelantine of all descriptions, in the solid state, a duty of one cent per pound.

The other of \$3,000, because of the party having died with delerium tremens.

Both cases waiting udicial decision.

On glue and gelantine of all descriptions, in the solid state, a duty of one cent per pound.

On glue and cement, made wholly or in part of glue, to be sold in the liquid state, a duty of forty cents per gallon.

On pins, solid head or other, a duty of five per cents per pound, and not above eleven cents per pound, and not above eleven cents per pound, a duty of ten dollars per ton; valued at above eleven cents, a duty of twelve dollars and find a duty of ten dollars and find events made of steel upon which a

of two per centum ad valorem. On copper and lead ingots, pigs or bars, and spelter and brass, a duty of three per centum ad

On rolled brass, copper rolled, yellow sheathin metal in rods or sheets, and shot, sheet lead, and lead pipes, a duty of three per centum ad valorem: Provided, That when any of the articles herein mentioned shall not have been assessed and a duty paid thereon of three per centum, in the form of ingots, pigs, or bars; a duty of five per centum shall be assessed and paid thereon.

On goat, calf, kid, sheep, horse, heg, and dog skins, tanned or dressed in the rough, a duty of ve per centam, ad valorem.

on goat, calf, kid, sheep, horse, hog, and dog skins, curried or finished, a duty of five per centum advalorem: Provided, That all goat, calf, kid, sheep, horse, hog and dog skins previously assessed in the rough, and upon which duties have been actually paid, shall be assessed on the ingressed value only when envised of sight.

The following act is published for the benefit the increased value, only when curried or finish

On patent, enameled, and Japanned leather and skins of every description, a duty of five poentum ad valorem.

On oil dressed leather and deer skins, dresse

r smoked, a duty of five percentum ad valorem Provided, That when leather or skins, upon which a duty has been previously assessed and paid, shall be manufactured into gloves, mittens, or moccasins, the duty shall only be assessed upon he increased value thereof when so manufactur

ially tanned, in the rough, a duty of five per

On leather of all descriptions, curried or inished, a duty of five per centum ad valorem: ing copies of engravings or works of art, or used for the illustration of books, and on photographs so small in size that stamps cannot be affixed, a actually paid shall be assessed on the increased of loyal On wine made of grapes, a duty of five cents

of the articles, when such repairs increase the value of the articles so repaired, ten per centum or over, a duty of three per centum on such increased value: Provided, That on such repairs made upon ships, steamboats, or other vessels, a duty of two per centum only on the increased value shall be assessed.

On the halle as leaveshed of all thirs because wine, or by any other name, and not otherwise wine, or by any other name, and not otherwise On the hulls, as launched, of all ships, barques, provided for in this act, a duty of fifty cents per brigs, schooners, sloops, sailboats, steamboats, gallon: Provided, That the returns, assessment, canal boats, and all other vessels or water craft, and collections of the duties on such wines shall

On cloth and all textile or knitted or felted valorem.

On cloth and all textile or knitted or felted fabrics of cotton, wool, or other materials, before the same has been dyed, printed, or bleached, and on all cloth painted, enameled, shirred, tarred, On all furniture, or other articles made of wood, varnished, or oiled, a duty of five per ceutum ad July 2

on salt, a duty of six cents per one hundred pennds.

On ready-made clothing, boots and shoes, gloves, mittens, and moccasins, caps, hats, and bonnets, or other articles of dress for the wear of men, women, or children, five per centum accounts. On sails, tents, shades, awnings, and bags, made of cotton, flax, or hemp, or part of either or other material, five per centum ad valorem: Provided, That when the material from which any of the foregoing articles are made was imshall make affidavit to the assessor of assistant

any of the foregoing articles are made was imported, or has been subject to and paid a duty, and the same is made oy sewing, a duty shall be assessed only on the increased value thereof. On artificial mineral waters, soda waters, sarsaparilla, water, and all beverages used for like parilla, water, and all beverages used for like purposes sold in bottles, or from fountains, or otherwise, and not otherwise provided for, a duty of five per centum ad valorem.

On mineral or medicinal water, or waters from springs impregnated with minerals, a duty of two cents per pound, which is not exempted by law, a day of fare reward of TWO HUNDRED OND

IARS, (\$200,) for the apprehension of the said Harrison Barnes, and his delivery to the dailer or the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caus of the Commonwealth to be a fifticed. Done at Frankfort, this 18d day of May, A. D. 18 On pig iron, a duty of two collars per ton.

On blooms, slabs, or loops, when made in forges or bloomeries, directly from the ore, a duty of three dollars per ton.

On railroad iron, a duty of three dollars per ton.

On railroad iron, rerolled, a duty of two dollars per ton:

On railroad iron, rerolled, a duty of two dollars per ton:

Provided, That the term rerolled shall apply only to rails for which the manufacturing, and not the receives pay for remanufacturing, and not the receives pay for remanufacturing.

number eighteen wire gauge, and plate iron not less than one-eight of an inch in thickness, a deemed and taken to be two thousand pounds.

On band, hoop, and sheet iron, not thinner than less than one-eight of an inch in thickness, a deemed and taken to be two thousand pounds.

On band, hoop, and sheet iron, not thinner than less than one-eight of an inch in thickness, and cut nails and spikes, not including nails, tacks, brads, or finishing nails, usually put up and sold

nts per pound.
On snuff, manufactured of tobacco, or any sul

On fine cut chewing tobacco, whether manufac tured with the stems in or not, or however sold, whether loose, in bulk, or in packages, papers, wrappers, or boxes, thirty-five cents per pound.

On eigars, valued at over five dollars and not over fifteen dollars per thousand, eight dollars

On cigars, valued at over fifteen dollars and not over thirty dollars per thousand, fifteen dol-On eigars, valued at over thirty dollars pe thousand and not over forty-five dollars twenty-

five dollars per thousand. On eigars, at over forty-five dollars per thou he value of the cigars exclusive of the tax.

[To be Continued.]

OFFICE KENTUCKY STATE AGENCY, WASHINGTON, D. C., P. O. Box 127.

### C. D. PENNEBAKER, AGENT AND ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

tion of Claims before any Department of the Government, and any other business with the Government that may be confided to his care. He will prosecute Claims before the Court of Claims, and practice Law before the Supreme Court of the United States, and the various Courts in the District of Columbia. Pensions and Claims for Arrears of Pay, and Bounties for Soldiers, their

The following act is published for the beneuit f all concerned. It must be strictly complied with.

C. D. PENNEBAKER,

AN ACT to restrict the jurisdiction of the Court of Claims, and to provide for the payment of certain demands for Quartermasters' stores and subsistence supplies furnished to the army of the United States.

Indicate States.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress property of the said W. B. Galaway, and his de-assembled, That the jarisdiction of the Court of livery to the jailer of Scott county, within one claims shall not extend to er include any claim against the United States growing out of the destruction or appropriation of, or damage to, property by the army or navy, or any part of the army or navy, engaged in the suppression of the rebellion, from the commencement to the close

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted. That all claim of loyal citizens in States not in rebellion, for the proper officer receiving the same, or which may have been taken by such officers without givtermaster General of the United States, accom-panied with such proofs as each claimant can pre-sent of the facts in his case; and it shall be th for the use of and used by said army, then to n

of loyal citizens in States not in rebellion for subsistence actually furnished to said army, and receipted for by the proper officer receiving the same, or which may have been taken by such officers without giving such receipt, may be submitted to the Commissary General of Subsistence, accompanied with such proof as each claimant may have to offer; and it shall be the duty of the Commissary General of Subsistence to cause each claim to be examined, and, if convinced that it is just, and of the loyalty of the claimant, and that

Approved July 4, 1864. July 25, 1864—348—twtf.

Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, It has been made known to me that, at the October term, 1861, the grand jury of Pendleton county found a true bill against HARRISON BARNES, for the murder of Joseph Bishon, said Barnes is now a fugitive from inc. Bishop; said Barnes is now a fugitive from jus-tice, and is now going at large. Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Now, therefore, I, IHUS. E. BRANDER LA, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said Harrison Barnes, and his delivery to the Jailerof Pendleton county, within one year from the data hered.

\$200 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

HEREAS, it has been made known to me
that EDWARD MADDOX was committed
o jail by the examining court of Washingotn
county, for the murder of W.A. Brothers, and said

ther, That any cloth or fabrics as aloresaid, when made of thread, yarn or warps, upon which a on all iron advanced beyond blooms, slabs, or loops, and not advanced beyond bars, and paid, shall bare been assessed and pay a duty on the loop, and sheet iron, not thinner than band, hoop, and sheet iron, not thinner than

have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 11th day of May, A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor:

E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State.

By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary.

May 13, 1864-w&tw3m-320.

#### Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

ultius; said Cummings is now a fugitive from M. McI stice, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, hereof. Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said B. F. Cummings, and his delivery to the jailer of Pendleton county within one year from the

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be af-fixed. Done at Frankfort, this 2d day of May. A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year o. the Commonwealth.

THOS E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor: E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary. May 4, 1864-w&tw3m-316.

### Proclamation by the Governor \$650 REWARD.

COMMONWEATH OF KENTUCKY, EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. HEREAS, it has been made known to me that, on the night of the 23d day of Febuary, 1864, the following named prisoners made.

ANDER BURK, charged with murde AB. BRIDGFORD, charged with shooting his wife, WM. JOHNSON, convicted to one year's confinement in Kentucky Penitentiary; JOHN ANDERSON, charged with grand larceny.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do here-Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do here by offer a reward of Two Hundred dollars for Al exander Burk, and One Hundred and Fifty dollar each, for Ah. Bridgford, Wm. Johnson, and Joh Anderson, for their apprehension and delivery to the Jailer of Franklin county, within one year

from the date hereof. IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, 1 have hereunto set my hand and caus-ed the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 24th day of February, A. D., 1864, and in year of the Commonwealth.

he 72d year of the Con By the Governor: E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State.

# By James R. Page, Assistant Secretary

LARS, for the apprehension of the said Rial property of the said W. B. Galaway, and his de

By the Governor:

E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary.

### DESCRIPTION. The Rial is about 45 years old. 5 feeet 8 in thes high, rather small, black, with the front low er foretooth out, speaks slow and low, and ba

Notice to Trespassers. LL persons who may hereafter Trespass on the grounds belonging to LL persons who may hereafter trespass on the grounds belonging to the Feeble-mind-d Institute, are notified to they will be prose-uted, according to law. The Superintendent topes that this notice will be sufficient, without compelling him to proceed to extreme measure W. McD. ABBETT, Sup't.

### Frankfort, August 10, 1864-355-w&tw1m Dissolution

SON is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Those indebted by note or account to J. L. Moore, or J. L. Moore & Son, will be expected to make immediate payment. Either party are au-

-J. L. MOORE will continue the business et the old stand, on Main street.
Frankfort, Ky., July 20th, 1864.—346—twtf.

### Proclamation by the Governor. \$200 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS it has been made known to me, that WILLIAM ROSS, who stands indicted in the Gallatin Circuit Court, for the murder of Wm H. Kelley, on the 6th July, 1859, who has made his escape from the Gallatin cunnty jail, and is now going at large:

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commanwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of TWO KUNDRED DOL LARS, (\$200,) for the apprehension of the said William Ross, and his delivery to the Jailer of Gallatin county, within one year from the date

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, T L. S. have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 18th day of March, A. D., 1864, and the

COMMONWEALTH OF KESTUCKY,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, It has been made known to me that
JOHN SPENCER did, on the — day of —, 186—,
murder, in Scott county, David C. Carrington,
and is now going at large and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOMASE. BRAMLETTE.

Now, therefore, I, THOMASE. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do hereby, offer a reward of two hundred and fifty dollars for the apprehension of the said John Spencer, and his delivery to the jailer of Scott county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, 1
have hereunte set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 27th day of January, A. D. 1864, and the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THO. E. BRAMLETTE, By the Governor:

E. L. Vanwinkle, Secretary of State.

E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary.

### Proclamation by the Governor. \$250 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

WHEREAS, it has been made known to me
that one GEORGE W. McKINNEY, on or
about the 19th day of January, 1864, murdered
John R. Gritton, in the county of Mercer, and is Executive Department.

Executive Department.

I and is now a fugitive from justice, and is going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby of Pendleton county found a true bill against B. F. CUMMINGS, for the murder of Enos K.

Dollars for the apprehension of the said GEO.

WMCKINNEY and his delivery to the Jailer of Mackinsky to the Jailer of the country of Mercer, and is now a function. by offer a reward of Two Hundred and Fifty
Dollars for the apprehension of the said GEO.
W. McKINNEY, and his delivery to the Jailer of
Mercer county, within one year from the date

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frank ort this, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor:
E. L. VANWINKLE, Secretary of State.

Proclamation by the Governor. \$500 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCEY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.
Whereas, it has been made known to me that
JOHN W. PHILLIPS, under indictment of the
Harrison Circuit Court for the murder of John Whalin, has forfeited his bail bond, and is now Whalin, has forfeited his bail bond, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore, I, THOS E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS for the apprehension of the said John W. Philips, and his delivery to the jailer of Harrison county, within one year from the

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF. 1 L. S. have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 12th day of Feb., A. D. 1864, and in the 12d year of the Commonwealth. THOS. E. BRAMLLTTE.

E. L. VAN WINELE, Secretary of State. By Jas R. Page, Assistant Secretary, Feb. 12, 1864-w&tw3m.

### PILES ASURECURE EVERY BODY is being cured of this distressing disease by the use of

Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy Proclamation by the Governor.

\$100 REWARD.

COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, It has been made known to me that RIAL, a slave belonging to W. B. Galaway, of Scott county, did on the — day of — 186—, murder Jeremiah Martin, of said county, and is now going at large.

Now, therefore I. THOS A DEPARTMENT, and what those say who have used it:

Mr. Charles W. Landram, of Louisville, and Mr. J. P. Hazarde, Cincinnati, O., both were cured after using one pot of Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy. They say they have tried everything, but could obtain no relief, but one Pot of Strickland's Pile Remedy effected a perfect cure after suffering for many years with the worst kind of Piles. They recommend every one who is suffering to try it.

Sold by all Druggists, 50 canter.

Dr. Strickland's Pile Remedy

May 25, 1864-w&tw1y-325.

ivery to the jailer of Scott county, within one year from the date hereof:

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand, and caused the scal of the Commonwealth, to be affixed. Done at Frankfort, this 27th day of Jan., A. D. 1864, and in the 72d year of the Commonwealth:

Notice is hereby given to all persons owning or having dogs in their possession, to confine them closely or if permitted to run at large, keep them securely muzzled for the space of sixty days from this date. Any person or persons failing or refusing to comply with this requisition, subject themselves to a fine of \$20 and costs, recoverable under the police Judge. The Mar-Proclamation upon warrant before the police Judge. The Marshal and Policemen are hereby required to enforce this order.

G. W. GWINN, Mayor. July 11th 1864 .- 2m .- 342.

> "To Whom It May Concern." A LL persons having property of any kind, within the walls of the Kentucky Penitentiary, unless said property is there for repairs, or for special reasons is in charge of the keeper, are hereby notified to remove the same within thirty days from this date. notified to remove the same within thirty days from this date, or the keeper will be directed to place it outside the walls at the owners risk. The object of this notice, is to have the prison yard cleared of every thing not essential to the business of the Institution.
>
> J. M. MILLS,
>
> JAS. H. GARRARD,
>
> JOHN S. HAYS.
>
> Penitentiary.

August 31st, 1864 .-- 1tw3tw.

### NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Franklin county, on the 27th day of July, 1864, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself MOLLIE; and says that she belongs to John Gano, of Knoxville, Tennessee. Said negro woman is about 20 years of age, about 5 feet high, of a black complexion, weighs about 120 pounds, and was arrested in Franklin county, Kentucky. The owner of said negro will come forward, prove property, pay expenses, and take her away, or she will be deart with according to law. WILLIAM CRAIK, J. F. C.

July 28, 1864-w1m-1648.

The Conspiracy .- Read and Reflect. Mr. Seward was at home recently, at Auburn, New York, when his old friends and neighbors called upon him for a speech. leaders of the Chicago Convention. No one not feel in his soul there can not be a doubt that there was a mutual understanding and and his brother traitors and the Woods, Vallandigham, Wickliffe, Powell, and their friends. Clay, Holcombe, Sanders, Thompson, & Co., stated that they were in the "confidential employment" of the traitor authorities. Benjamin also says they were; but not on a mission to the Federal Government. Then, what was the nature of fer with the anti-Union Democracy; and inevitable. they came to the border line in Canada, and were there for three or four weeks in confer-Union platform and in the nomination of

I shall now go further and prove to you that they not only have a common policy, and a common way of defending it, but they have even adopted that policy in concert with each other. You know that when the Chicago Convention was approaching in July last, Geo. N. Sanders, Clement C. Clay and P. Holcomb, appeared at the Clifton House, on the Canada bank of the Niagara river, fully invested with the confidence and know, also, that Chicago Democrats resorted there in considerable numbers to confer with these emissaries of Jeff. Davis.

every body:

no one can deny the authenticity of my evi- to bear this in mind. It is extracted from the London Times, the common organ of all the ene S, says

peace and Southern agents, which propose a withdrawal of differences from the arbitrament of the sword."

of an armistice and a convention of States, and to thwart by all possible means the efforts of Mr. Lincoln for re-election.

Mark now, that on the 8th of August, 1864, Northern Democrats and Richmond agents agreed upon three things to be done at Chicago, namely:

First. A withdrawal of the differences between the Government and the insurgents, from the arbitrament of the sword.

the United States on a platform of an armistice, and ultimately a convention of those States.

Third. To thwart by all possible means the re-election of Abraham Lincoln.

Such a conference, here in a neutral country between professedly loyal citizens of the United States and the agents of the Rich. mond traitors in arms, has a very suspicious agreed at Niagara that Pompey should do candidates? George B. McClellan. Here is what he actually

Resolved, That this Convention does explicitly declare, as the sense of the American people, that, after four years of failure to restore the Union by the experiment of six months before the President issued his war, during which, under the pretense of a military necessity of war power higher than Who has helped to kill tens of thousands the Constitution, the Constitution itself has been disregarded in every part, and the public liberty and private right alike trodden down, and the material prosperity of the country essentially impaired, justice, humanity, liberty, and the public welfare de-mand that immediate efforts be made for a cessation of hostilities, with a view to an the earliest practicable moment peace may be restored on the basis of the Federal Union of the States.

The Democracy at Chicago did there just surgents, with a view to an ultimate Na- rather a first rate tune." tional Convention, and the defeat of the election of Abraham Lincoln.

That is to say, they proposed to eject Abraham Lincoln from the Presidential usurper's Constitution will allow no one of than the tune. the insurgent States to enter. What now, if there be no convention at all, or if the convention fail to agree on a submission to the Federal authority? Jefferson Davis then remains in authority, his confederacy established and the Union with all its glories is gone forever. Nay more, if such a 31, it says: thing could happen as that, the Chicago candidate, nominated upon such an agree ment should be elected President of the United States on the first Tuesday of November next, who can vouch for the safety of the country against the rebels during the interval which must elapse before the new administration can constitutionally come into power? It seems to me that such an election would attend equally to demoralize the Union and to invite the insurgents to "The Yankee President of the Union and to invite the insurgents to "The Yankee President of the Union and renew their efforts for its destruction.

Presidential nominee unsatisfactory. Vice-Idence.

Philmore not to oppose.

GEO. N. SANDERS.

D. Wier is a Richmond accomplice at Halifax, and Philmore is understood to be he conductor of the insurgent organ in Lon- McClellan :

latform which were made by treaty formalat Chicago, signed, sealed, attested and de- measures of the Administration; and the nomination of George H. Pendleton, the In that speech he makes the following livered in the presence of the London Times, In that speech he makes the following points, in reference to the conspiracy between the traitors in arms and the anti-Union the traitors in arms and the anti-Union Name of the Chicago Convention. No one that the promising Union paper, and no effort will be spared to make it worthy the confidence sure you've got them, my friends. They say never sullied his name by any of those expenses of the chicago Convention. can read the facts presented by Mr. Seward, national candidates and of the national arms. and which are known to be all truths, and But it seems to me that the veriest croaker ler. He belongs to that school of Generals in all our loyal camp will take new courage, and become heroic when he sees that the last hope of the rebellion hangs upon the in the service hardly look upon them as human a cordial co-operation between Jeff. Davis ratification of this abominable and detestable beings. compact by the American people

Yes, you have got them: but how did you get them? Not by any skill or art of the Administration, or even through the sagaci-ty, or activity of the loyal people, but through the cunning of the conspirators, over reachng itself, and thus working out their own lefeat and confusion. They do say that the Father of evil always indulges his chosen their "employment?" Clearly it was to con- to render their ultimate ruin and punishment is as follows:

And what a time is this to proclaim such a policy, conceived in treachery and brought forth with shameless effrontery. A cessation ence and correspondence with the anti-Union of hostilities on the heel of decisive naval leaders. The fruit of their "employment" and land battles, at the very moment that is given to the world in the Chicago anti- the rebellion without a single fort in its pos session on the ocean or on either of the great rivers or lakes, is crumbling to the earth, McClellan and Pendleton. But to the ex- and at the same time, a dozen new ships of tract from Mr. Seward's speech. Read it, war, are going to complete the investment by sea, and three hundred thousand volunteers are rushing to the lines, to complete

> The Covington train failed yesterday n making connection with the Lexington and Louisville; hence we are without mails east of Lexington for yesterday.

The Nashville Union states by auacquainted with the purpose of Jeff. Davis thority that Gen. Sherman intends to hold and his Confederates at Richmond. You the city of Atlanta purely for military purposes. Citizens will not be allowed to go there; neither will trade nor manufacturing from its effects; they hope the election of peace candidates; in fact, like Micawber, they Here is the fruit of that conference, and be permitted. It will be well for the public

A telegram from Washington states mies of the United States. The New York correspondent of the London Times, writing from Niagara Falls, under date of August turned to that city from a visit to Grant's Headquarters. He represents the soldiers "Clifton House has become a center of in fine health and spirits, and full of hope. negotiatious between the Northern friends of The Chicago peace and disunion platform is intensely execrated by the entire army. He talked with deserters just from the rebel The correspondent then goes on to explain lines, who report that the great appeal now that an effort is to be made to nominate a made by rebel officers to their soldiers is, to candidate for the Presidency, on a platform only hold out till McClellan is elected, when they will have peace and independence.

> Harris, of Maryland, in the Chicago Convention, said of McClellan :-

Why as a military man he has been defeated everywhere. [Cries of "No, no," and cheers. The siege of Richmond was not, I Second. A nomination for President of think, a success, the battle of Antietam was not a success, and in him as a military leader, you have nothing whatever to brag on, while you have combined with military inoapcity, the fact that he has interfered

### A Short Catechism.

Who arbitrarily arrested the entire Legisla-

B. McClellan Who advised the President to emancipate slaves of the enemy, under the war power,

of Southern Democrats? George B. McClel-

Who is the Presidential candidate of the Democratic party, which condemns all of the

above acts? George B. McClellan.

-----The Cincinnati Enquirer correcting ultimate Convention of all the States, or a statement made by the Lovisville Demoother peaceable means, to the end that at crat, that Mr. George H. Pendleton, "married a relative of General Robert E. Lee." says:

"Mr. Pendleton did not marry a relative what had been agreed upon by the Rich of General Lee, and that objection was never accounts of enthusiastic demonstrations of mond agents at Niagara. Namely, they urged against him. His wife is the daughter popular sentiment in favor of their candipronounced for an abandonment of the mil- of Mr. Key, the author of the Star Spangled dates. The meeting at Buffalo, New York, itary defence of the Union against the in- Banner, which is considered we believe, to be

The Enquirer's etyle, in speaking of the Star-Spangled Banner, is certainly not parchair at Washington on the 4th of March that it is the tune rather than the song that next, and at the same time leave the usur- is believed to be considered first-rate. We per Davis unassailed, secure and unmolested had always thought that it was the song in his seat at Richmond, with a view to an ultimate convention of States, which that

### Throwing Cold Water.

The Richmond Whig throws cold water on the proposition of the anti-Union Democrats for a peace. In the issue for August

"Whenever a treaty of peace shall be great enthusiasm by the Democrats here. made it must be done solely on the basis of One hundred guns were fired this afternoon the entire independence and sovereignty of each particular State. That must be preliminary to, and cannot be a subject of ne- works were displayed, and speeches made gotiation. It follows that there can be no A great crowd assembled around the Demsuch thing as treating for peace in earnest ocratic Association Rooms to hear and see until every hostile soldier shall have been the celebration." withdrawn from our soil and every hostile

the proof, that although the way in which put us in convention with them. It is won- street is of the narrowish order. The "guns the Chicago Democratical that had been put us in convention with them. It is won- street is of the narrowish order. the Chicago Democracy did what had been agreed upon in their behalf at Niagara, was not alterative activities and will explode for powder is a street is of the derivative of the same of the convention will them. It is work street is of the day of the same of the convention will them. It is work street is of the day of the same of the convention will them. It is work street is of the day of the same of the convention will them. It is work street is of the day of the same of the convention will them.

McClellan is really a new man. For more triumph of its policy at Chicago: Here, then, we have a nomination and a than two years past he has not taken part in the inhuman war commenced by the Burnsides, triumph of the Peace party in the Conventional the inhuman war commenced by the Burnsides, triumph of the Peace party in the Conventional triumph of the Peace party in the Convent first great violation of the Constitution, the I am always too sanguine of the success of terminating and savage expeditions which have dishonored Sherman, Kilpatrick and But-

### Important Letter from Gen. Grant.

It has been recently stated in the papers that Gen. Grant had written a political letter. So great was the call for it that the letter has been published. It is dated at Headquarters, City Point, August 16, 1864. disciples with such an excess of subtlety as and addressed to Hon. E. B. Washburne. It

> I state to all citizens who visit me, that al we want to insure an early restoration of the Union is, determined sentiment in the North The rebels have now in their ranks their last

The little boys and old men are guarding prisoners and railroad bridges, and forming a good part of their garrisons for intrenched positions. A man lost by them can not be replaced. They have robbed cradle and grave equally to get their present torce. Be sides what they lose in frequent skirmishes and battles, they are now losing from deser tions and other causes at least one regiment per day. With this drain upon them, the end is not far distant, if we are only true to ourselves. Their only hope now is in a divided North. This might give them reinforcements from Tennessee, Kentucky, Maryland and Missouri, while it would weaker

With the draft quietly enforced, would come despondency, and they would make out little resistance. I have no doubt that nany are anxious to hold out until after the Presidential election. They have many hopes hope for something to turn up. If our peace friends expect peace from separation, they are much mistaken, it would but be the be ginning of war.

With thousands of Northern men joining Wm. T. Samuels, Auditor, Frankfort. With thousands of Northern men joining the South because of our disgrace in allowing separation with peace on any terms, the South would demand the restoration of slaves; indemnity for losses; a treaty which would make the North a slave-hunter for the South; and pay for, or restore every slave escaping to the North.

Wm. T. Samuels, Auditor, Frankfort.

J. M. Withrow, Assistant Auditor, Frankfort.

John A. Crittenden, Clerk, Frankfort.

D. B. Waggoner, Clerk, Frankfort.

John W. Prewitt, jr., Clerk, Frankfort.

John W. Prewitt, jr., Clerk, Frankfort. escaping to the North.

Yours truly, U. S. GRANT.

### Belmont and the Democracy.

The Columbus (Ohio) Crisis, of which exdovernor Samuel Medary is the Editor, is Mason P. Brown, Clerk, Frankfort. sorely put out of temper by the doings of the Chicago Convention, and particularly by the What, then, have you to say in his favor? Why as a military mas been defeat Company, controlled the action of the Company, controlled the action of the Company. body. Of Belmont, Mr. Medary says:

We have been asked several times who Rev. Daniel Stevenson, Frankfort. this August Belmont is who seems to have J. H. M. Ross, Clerk, Frankfort. a perpetual lease upon the Democratic party. He is a foreigner, a connection by blood or marriage of the Rothchilds, of Europe, with and destroyed the civil rights of the and their Agent in New York, to manage w. I. Samuels, Frankfort, their immense moneyed concerns in this country. He lives in the style of the Eu ropean nobility, feeds and drinks well, and s put by the money mongers and shoddy But let that pass. Political elections ture of "a Sovereign State?" George B. War Democrats, at the head of the Demo- Geo. D. Prentice, Frankfort. contractors of Wall street, who claim to be must be free, and therefore they justly excuse many extravagances. We have now seen what the agents of Pompey and Cæsar land Democrats voting for their favorite we read in Mr. Allen's speech, at Chicago, his allusion to Jackson, in connection with their nominee there, we were startled, look-Who urged the President in 1861 to stop ed round and asked is this the same Mr. Al. Geo. A. Robertson, Frankfort. colunteering and enforce a draft? George len who in the good old days of that good old Jackson, used to denounce with such burning energy and eloquence the money power at home and the foreign money de spots working through the U. S. Bank to D. W. Lindsey, Adjutant General, Frankfort. crush the American Democracy? This John B. Tillord, Assistant Adjutant General same Mr. Allen is thus placed in the attitude of crouching to the smiles and favors of the Rothchilds, and the bond mongers of Wall

street. Oh! my country, what next? In other articles, Mr. Medary is severe apon the nomination of McClellan and the

### How they Manufacture Enthusiasm.

The organs of the McClellan and Pendleton party-hitherto the organs of the rebels ton party—hitherto the organs of the rebels and rebel sympathizers—are very prolific in Thos. A. Theobald, Ordnance Clerk, at Arsenal has especially been referred to. Of the extra coloring given to that demonstration by the anti-Union organs, our readers can Rufus K. Williams, Judge, Mayfield. ticularly enthusiastic; and it is noticeable judge by the following notice of the Buffalo Geo. Robertson, Lexington, Ky. Express No doubt all the other meetings have been as much misrepresented as the R. R. Bolling, Deputy Clerk, Frankfort. Buffalo concern :

From the Buffalo Express THE McCLELLAN "ENTHUSIASM." - Our

readers may judge from the following dispatch, telegraphed from this city to the press lsewhere, about how much trust to give to the glowing announcements which we get from other places of "enthusiastic demonstrations' over the Chicago nominations:

BUFFALO, Wednesday, Aug. 31 .- The news of McClellan's nomination was received with

The "great crowd assembled around the Democratic Association Rooms," consisted new their efforts for its destruction.

It remains for me now only to give you be proof, that although the way in which men like Vallandigham and Fernando Not altogether satisfactory, yet what they actually did, was accepted as a full execution of the previous compact. Mr. Seward here read the following intercepted dispatch from George Sanders:

St. Catherines, C. W., Sept. 1.

To Hon. Weir, Halifax: Platform and Presidential nominee unsatisfactory. Vice
Presidential nominee unsatisfactory. Vice
St. Catherines, C. W. Sept. 1.

To Hon. Weir, Halifax: Platform and Presidential nominee unsatisfactory. Vice
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To Hon. Weir, Halifax: Platform and Presidential nominee unsatisfactory. Vice
St. Catherines, C. W., Sept. 1.

St. Dist.—John L. Scott, Frankfort.

St. Catherines, C. W., Sept. 1.

St. Dist.—John L. Scott, Frankfort.

St. Catherines, C. W., Sept. 1.

St. Dist.—John L. Scott, Frankfort.

St. Dist.—John L. kind was not seen in this town.

President and speeches satisfactory. Tell COPPERHEAD IDEAS OF McChellan.—The Rebellion Trium L.—The N. Y. News, Courrier des Etats Unis, a paper edited by an the organ of the Woods and the advocate of alien in the service of the French Empire, peaceable surrender to the Confederates sends up the following choice opinion of which demanded an unconditional Peace candidate and platform, thus rejoices in the

y contracted between the Democratic traitors the Hookers and the Shermans. His name is tion at Chicago, was not only assured by the at Richmond and the Democratic opposition not connected with any of those odious character of the resolutions passed, but in the eloquent advocate for peace, whose whole

> DEBILITY. DR. STRICKLAND'S TO- support to the People, and to the People NIC .- We can recommend those suffering alone It has no official patronage to depend with Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, or Dys-upon. Let the People, to whom it appeals pepsia, Nervousness and Nervous Debility, give it a generous and hearty encouragement be received by the Treasurer of the United States, to use Strickland's Tonic. It is a vegetable \_a patronage that will cause it to be found the several Assistant Treasurers and designated preparation, free from alcoholic liquors; it in every loyal house—an ardent advocate of Depositaries, and by the National Banks designated by the National Banks desi strengthens the whole nervous system; it the best interests of Kentucky. creates a good appetite, and is warranted to cure Dyspepsia and Nervous Debility.

For sale by Druggists generally at \$1 per bottle. Prepared by Dr. A. Strickland, 6 East Fourth street, Cincinnati, O. June 27, 1864-336-tw&wly.

### UNITED STATES DIRECTORY.

For the District of Kentucky. Brigadier Gen. S. G. BURBRIDGE, Command ing,-Headquarters, Lexington, Ky.

FIRST DIVISION. Brigadier Gen. E. H. HOBSON, Commanding,-Headquarters, in the field. SECOND DIVISION

Brigadier Gen. HUGH EWING, Commanding,-Headquarters, Munfordville, Ky.

### Executive, Military, and Judicial Directory of the State of Kentucky.

We publish, for the information of our read ers, the following Directory of all the departments of the State Government of Kentucky:

Executive Department. GOVERNOR.

Thos. E. Bramlette, Frankfort.

SECRETARY S OFFICE. E. L. Van Winkle, Sec'y of State, Frankfort. Daniel Clarke, "Ancient Governor." Frankfort

AUDITOR'S OFFICE. Elwood Miller, Clerk, Frankfort. Henry B. Cammack, Clerk, Frankfort. Henry Crittenden, Clerk, Frankfort.

Wince Coleman, Porter, Frankfort. TREASURER'S OFFICE. James H. Garrard, Treasurer, Frankfort.

LAND OFFICE.

SUPERINTENDENT PUBLIC INSTRUCTION.

BOARD OF INTERNAL IMPROVEMENT. David R. Haggard, Frankfort,

Wm. C. McNary, Muhlenburg co. ATTORNEY GENERAL John M. Harlan, Frankfort.

H. M. McCarty, Frankfort. LIBRARIAN.

Military Department.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE.

PUBLIC PRINTER

Charles Haydon, Clerk, Frankfort. Wm. E. Cox, Clerk, Frankfort.

Chas. J. Clarke, Clerk, Frankfort. William A. Craig, Clerk, Frankfort. INSPECTOR GENERAL'S OFFICE. D. W. Lindsey, Inspector General, Frankfort. Wm. Stewart, Clerk, Frankfort.

Thomas N. Lindsey, Jr., Clerk, Frankfort QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE. Samuel G. Suddarth, Quartermaster General,

Frankfort. Frankfort.

### Judicial Department.

COURT OF APPEALS

JUDGES OF CIRCUIT COURTS.

1st Dist .-- C. S. Marshall, Bandville. 2d Dist.—R. T. Petree, Hopkinsville.
3d Dist.—James Stuart, Brandenburg.
4th Dist.—A. W. Graham, Bowlinggreet
5th Dist.—J. E. Newman, Bardstown. 6th Dist.—F. T. Fox, Danville. 7th Dist.—Peter B. Muir, Louisville. 7th Dist.—Peter B. Muir, Louisville.
8th Dist.—Geo. C. Drane, Frankfort.
9th Dist.—Joseph Doniphan, Augusta.
10th Dist.—L. W. Andrews, Flemingsburg.
11th Dist.—Richard Apperson, Jr., Mt. Sterlin
12th Dist.—Granville Pearl, London.
13th Dist.—W. C. Goodloe, Lexington. 14th Dist.—W. P. Fowler, Smithland. 15th Dist.—T. T. Alexander, Columbia.

CHANCELLORS. 7th Dist .- Henry Pirtle, Louisville. Harry Stucky, Clerk Louisville Chancery Court

COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEYS.

1st Dist .-- P. D. Yeiser, Paducah. 2d Dist.—E. P. Campbell, Princeton 3d Dist.—John Chapeze, Hartford. 4th Dist.—W. B. Jones, Franklin. 5th Dist.-L. H. Noble, Lebauon. 6th Dist.-M. H. Owsley, Burksville 15th Dist-J. H. C. Sandidge, Burksville.

### THE COMMONWEALTH.

and patronage of every loyal person. That its influence may be exerted and felt DYSPEPSIA, NERVOUSNESS, AND for good, the Commonwealth must look for PROPOSALS FOR LOAN.

> Subscriptions are respectfully requested. sending the money, will be entitled to one with semi annual coupons attached, payable in

> copy gratis. TERMS-Tri-Weekly, per year ....... \$4 00 These notes will be convertible at the option of

great increase in price of paper, &c., requires A. G. HODGES, Frankfort, Kentucky.

### Re-Enlistments.

HEAD-QUARTERS KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE, Frankfort, Ky., August 16th, 1864

The War Department has authorized the re-enlistment of all twelve months Kentucky regiments now in the service, for the term of

one, two, or three years, either as cavalry or nfantry, as they may elect. called to a general order issued from District be prepared. Head-Quarters, at Lexington, Ky., dated August 13th, 1864, and are earnestly requestof their respective commands, for the term of three years, if possible, as these soldiers have shown by their tried valor and patriot-

Government are justly proud.

Re-enlistments will be conducted in accord-

The bounties and pay of soldiers by the upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified United States is as follows: For recruits for one years' service. For recruits for two years' service..... For recruits for three years service.... First instalment of bounty will be paid when mus-To one year recruits..........
To two years' recruits.......
To three years' recruits....... The pay of 1st sergeant, infantry or cav-20 00 The pay of corporals, infantry or cavalry, 18 00 The pay of privates, infantry or cavalry, 16 00

No premium whatever, for the procuration of ecruits, will hereafter be paid by the United Neither drafted men nor substitutes, furnished either before or after draft, are entitled to bounty

from the United States. Inspector and Adjutant General of Ky

are now going on, it is confidently believed law requires. As these two regiments are intended to upply the place, in part, of the twelve months men now in the service, who have so ably defended the State, and are about to be mustered out, it is hoped that every effort

time that is allowed. If a full company is not raised by the time set for the draft the parts of companies will be consolidated, due regard being had to the claims of recruiting officers-and the same rule will be applied to regiments

will be used to recruit this force in the short

D. W. LINDSEY, Inspector and Adjutant General.

United States bounties will be paid as fol-

To three years' recruits...... 100 00 generally. The pay of 1st sergeants infantry per month ...
The pay of 2d sergeants infantry per month The pay of corporals infantry per month.

The pay of privates, per month.......... August 12-4ttw-356.

### CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY!!

SHRYOCK & REA

AVE leased the Carriage Manufactory of Heming & Quin, and are prepared to exe-cute all orders for new work in the neatest, most substantial, and promptest manner. Every description of Carriage and Buggy Resairing executed in the very best style. They solicit patronage, and promise to give satisfaction. Terms, Cash.
Frankfort, June 22, 1864—335-3m.

A CARD.—REMOVAL.

## BOOT & SHOE MANUFACTORY.

V. KALTENBRUN

AS removed from his old stand on St. Clair street, Frankfort to his street, Frankfort, to his own residence on Main street, adjoining James R. Watson's Restaurant and Boarding House, where he will continue the manufacture of Boots and Shoes, of the very best quality, and of the latest fashions.

He returns his grateful thanks to the citizans of this community for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon him, and he pledges himself to use every exertion in his power to merit the confidence of those who have honored him with their patronage.

He respectfully solicits orders in his line of business, and pledges himself to give satisfaction, or no charge will be made.

Frankfort, Aug. 1, 1864—352—6m.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12th, 1864

Maj. W. H. Sidell, A. A. P. M. G.:

The Secretary of War has forbidden the recruiting of men in one State to be credited to another, except as provided by the Act of July 4th, 1864, for recruiting in States in rebellion. He directs that you see to the excention of this order in your State, and, if necessary, arrest recruiting officers and agents who may be found violating it.

(Signed)

JAMES B. FRY,

Provost Marshal General.

Aug. 15, 1864—[Lou. Press.]—tw7ts-357.

### POPULAR LOAN:

Seven and Three-tenths per Cent.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY.

A Loyal Newspaper, Devoted to Maintaining the Government in Putting Down the Insurrection.

A lengthy prospectus is unnecessary. Suitice it, that the Commonwealth is an uncompromising Union paper, and no effort will be spared to make it worthy the confidence

Seven and Three-tenths per Cent.

CUSTOM HOUSE, 2

Louisville, August 1, 1864.

ERTIFICATES being now ready, I will receive subscriptions for Treasury Notes, payable three years from August 15, 1864, bearing interest at the rate of Seven and Three-tenths

per Cent.

CUSTOM HOUSE,

Louisville, August 1, 1864.

ERTIFICATES being now ready, I will receive subscriptions for Treasury Notes, payable interest at the rate of Seven and Three-tenths

per Cent.

CUSTOM HOUSE,

Louisville, August 1, 1864.

ERTIFICATES being now ready, I will receive subscriptions for Treasury Notes, payable interest at the rate of Seven and Three-tenths

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per ceive subscriptions for Tr

Depositary United States, August 5, 1864—353--tw6t.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, July 25, 1864. Notice is hereby given that subscriptions will nated and qualified as Depositaries and Financial Agents, for Treasury Notes payable three years from August 15, 1864, bearing interestat the rate Persons obtaining ten subscribers, and of soven and three-tenths per cent. per annum, lawful money.

Weekly, per year..... 2 00 the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold The terms are low; and considering the terms are low; and considering the twenty years from August 15, 1867.

The notes will be issued in denominations of that the subscription should be a large one lifty, one hundred, five hundred, one thousand, Will friends every where exert themselves and five thousand dollars, and will be issued in blank, or payable to order, as may be directed by the subscribers.

All subscriptions must be for fifty dollars, or some multiple of fifty dollars.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits. The party depositing must endorse upon the original certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to this Department.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt The attention of all officers recruiting, is of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can

Interest will be allowed to August 15, on all deposits made prior to that date, and will be paid ed to co operate and effect the re-enlistment by the Department upon receipt of the original ertificates.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date sm, that they are worthy of the name of veterans, of whose services the State and must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit. Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars ance with prescribed regulations heretofore and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one

per cent., which will be paid by this Department

to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. \$100 00 No deductions for commissions must be made from 200 00 the deposits. Officers receiving deposits will see that the pro-

per endorsements are made upon the original cer-All officers authorized to receive deposits are 100 00 requested to give to applicants all desired information, and afford every facility for making sub-

scriptions.

W. P. FESSENDEN. Secretary of the Treasury. SUBSCRIPTIONS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, OF LOUISVILLE, KY.,

AND ALL RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS throughout the country will doubtless AFFORD FACILITIES TO SUBSCRIBERS. August 8, 1864-354-tw2t&w2t.

### NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Franklin county, on the 8th day of August, as a runaway slave, a negro man who calls himself ed the raising of TWO REGIMENTS OF INFANTRY, in Kentucky, for the period of twelve months.

These troops will be credited upon the late call of the President for 500,000 men, and together with other enlistments that are now going on it is confidently helieved law requires.

WILLIAM CRAIK, Jailer F. C. Aug. 17, 1864-359 w1m.



CURES Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Asthma, and Consumption. It is only necessary for any one troubled with these complaints to try one bottle of

Strickland's Mellifluous Cough Balsam May 25, 1864 w&twly-325,

### NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Shelby county, Kentucky, on the 1st day of September, 1864, as runaways: one woman, black complexion, named EMMA, aged about 20 years; also FRANCIS, aged about 24 years, and black complexion. They are supposed to belong to Allen Butler, of Crittenden county, Ky.

The owner can come forward, prove property, prescharges or they will be dealt with as the law. pay charges, or they will be dealt with as the law HENRY BURNETT, J. S. C. September 5, 1864.-w&tw1m.

### ATTENTION! OFFICERS.

HEAD-QUARTERS ACTING ASSITANT PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL, AND GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT VOLUNTEER RECRUITING SERVICE FOR KENTUCKY, PECIAL ORDERS No. 120.

EXTRACT.

II. The attention of all officers in the Recruiting and Provost Marshal's Department in this State, is directed to the terms of the following telegraphic order from the Provost Marshal General, and are directed to act in accordance there-

W. H. SIDELL, Maj. 15th U. S. Inf., A. A. P. M. G. and G. S. V. R. S. for Ky

WASHINGTON, Aug. 12th, 1864.

### THE COMMONWEALTH

### FRANKFORT.

WEDNESDAY,.... SEPTEMBER 14, 1864.

FOR PRESIDENT,

### ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, ANDREW JOHNSON, OF TENNESSEE.

### UNION ELECTORAL TICKET.

For the State at Large. JAMES F. BUCKNER, of Christian Co. CURTIS F. BURNAM, of Madison Co

District Electors. First District—LUCIEN ANDERSON.
Second District—J. M. SHACKELFORD.
Third District—J. H. LOWRY.
Fourth District—B. L. WINTERSMITH.
Fifth District—JAMES SPEED.
Sixth District—J. P. JACKSON.
Seventh District—CHARLES EGINTON.
Eighth District—M. L. RICE.
Ninth District—GEORGE M. THOMAS.

### Correspondence Wanted.

We would repeat the request, some time since made, that friends in all parts of the State would write us regularly of all matters of interest occuring in their several sections, -political, gen eral and local intelligence.

### Laws of 1863-1864.

A very few copies of the Laws passed by the Frankfort Commonwealth office. Those who desire to obtain a copy should apply immediately.

Merchants, Grocers, and others are requested not to buy paper from the boys connected with this office, as they are not authorized to sell. August 20, 1864.

A delinquent but penitent Government ex-official has sent the Secretary of the Treasury, anonymously, a \$500 Government as compensation for his unfaithful-

### Appointments by the Auditor.

JAMES M. WITHROW to be Assistant Audi tor, vice EDGAR KEENON, resigned.

Also, D. B. WAGGENER and F. A. WINLOCK to Clerkships in said office.

nando Wood, in a fine frenzy, during his which was well received. Resolutions were an amount of over \$90,000,000. Over \$26, speech made recently in that city, said that adopted in favor of the suppression of the 000,000 was on offers of from 5 to 6 per if by offering up his life he could stop the rebellion. The meeting was very enthusias cent. premium. None of the bids will be bloodshed that is now afflicting the country, he would cheerfully do so. An appreciative Irishman in the crowd earnestly responded 'It wud be --- chape.

Gen. Butler has published a response to Mr. Ould's publication in reference to the of the people of this section, mainly attrib and Hamlin, four years ago, because they exchange of prisoners. The rebels, who for utable to the recent determined course of the were both taken from the Free States, will The proclamation only reaches the secesh several months had refused to accede to Gen. military authorities. Butler's proposition to exchange man for man, now profess to be willing to do so, but try to make it appear that our Government will not consent. Gen. Butler proves that the rebel refusal to exchange colored prisoners and their proposed re-enslavement of them is contrary to the law of nations, and then keenly analyzes the daplicity which has fallen. It was nothing less than a superb marked their policy on the exchange ques- sunset representation of our national colors tion from the first.

"STATE RIGHTS."-The rebels at the South and their sympathizers at the North, will singular was the fact that the colors ap- Term. On Monday there was no quorum,have seen with astonishment (if any thing peared in regular and perfectly defined horifrom that source can create astonishment,) zontal stripes—one above the other. The day evening Judge Robertson arrived in town, that the resolutions of '98 and '99, which all colors remained sharp and distinct for when he was immediately served with a good Democrats have been swearing by, about ten minutes, when they slowly faded notice from Judge Duvall that he should country. The failure of the rebel countries whether they understood them or not, from from view, and were seen no more. It is a contest the election. Judge Williams it was the beginning of the present century as the suggestive coincidence that upon the day expected would certainly arrive last night, very essence of Democracy, were literally following this sight we received the news of and the Court will convene for business this kicked out of the late "Democratic" Conven- Atlanta's capture. Thus it would seem to morning. tion at Chicago! That was the unkindest cut all to the rebels, especially in Virginia .-Mr. Long, of Ohio, offered them as a part of of order, and sent them to a committee. where they were inhumanly smothered in

the house of their friends.

very pertinently remarks that the Chicago Nous verrons. platforms means aid and comfort to the rebsoldier, to every loyal man; and its success the destruction of the dwelling house of A. and othere whom he knew among the prislife; or, 2d, a peace, which shall acknowl- the anti-Union papers should remember that large hospitals full of their wounded. We seized Sumpter and other forts by force, and edge the Southern Confederacy; or, 3d, a the example was first set by the traitors We are suffering from the awful heat, and live murdered their defenders. Their Secretary shall trail our old flag in the dust at the traitors in Virginia, in Janury, 1862, made a playing — with the traitors." the chief rebels to the highest seats in our of Col. Strother, a relative of Mr. Boteler, of them, in the guise of peace, is only the prelude to a fiercer state of civil war.

years, be enrolled for military service.

and the new-fledged Emperor. Maximilian dollars refused to receive or have anything to do with him--declaring that he did not know the

forts and occupation of Atlanta are but tem. notice. porary accidents, that can be readily atoned

Kirkendbright of Scotland, who died in 1832. That probably accounts for the courtly man, ners of George which so charm the Demoparticular should be foremost in honoring a tity of the prisoner. ittle sprig of respectability.

A very few copies of the Laws passed by the last session of the Legislature are for sale at the last session of the last session of the Legislature are for sale at the last session of the last session o of the operator; he mistaking Philmore for Fillmore. The correct telegram read as fol-

"ST CATHERINES, C. W. Sept. 1. "To Hon D. Wier, Halifax : "Platform and Presidential nominee un

satisfactory. Tell Philemore not to oppose "GEO. N. SANDERS."

The Union men of Ballard county claimed will prove true. recently gave a barbecue at Blandville. Over two thousand persons were present, and General Meredith, commander of the post ment loan, payable in 1881, have been quite at Cairo, addressed the assembly, urging spirited. The number of bids was over The Dayton Journal states that Fer- them to take a decided stand for the Union, eight hundred, and will probably aggregate tic, and it is believed that Ballard county taken at less than 4 per cent. premium. at the coming election. A similar meeting Government securities. will be held in other counties in Kentucky and Missouri, contiguous to Cairo. A marked change has taken place in the sentiments such an ado over the nomination of Lincoln the secesh.

before the news reached us that Atlanta had General. have been placed there by the Diety as a WHAT WE MAY EXPECT.-A contemporary lasting peace? Let us hope so at least portions of the 2d, 4th, 6th and 9th rebel | They cry "peace?' Say we should make

els,-disgrace and dishonor to every Union been shed, by the anti-Union papers, over will bring about one of three things, viz: H. Boteler, in Jefferson county, Virginia, by oners. lst, an armistice, which will give the now Federal troops. But, whilst we do not apalmost exhausted rebellion a new lease of prove of this destruction of private property, cowardly truckling to the rebellion, which need now to refer only to the fact that the feet of traitors, and welcome, cap in hand, descent upon Berkley Springs, the property political synagogue. Either of these three and father of Mr. Strother so well known as results is too terrible to think upon; each . Porte Crayon." Unmindful of how the egram from New York, stating that the "Eurathin conqueror bade spare the house of Pindarus," these troops cut in pieces the diated McClellan's nomination and arge the The New York Herald's correspondent paintings of "Porte Crayon," and burned his reassembling of the Democratic Convention, with the fleet off Mobile, confirms the repots cottage. They took possession of the hotel of the foolish and unsoldierly conduct of in which the elder Strother lay upon a sick Gen. Page, late commander of Fort Morgan, bed They used his furniture for fire-wood, although the town was surrounded by forests; and very reductantly gave up a pistol he wore and finally went off, after plundering the on his way to Pennsylvania, to speak in fa- As Henry Clay said. his belt. The cannon were found spiked. place. The old man, noted for a generation and to help, carry that State at the October Gen. Page said this was done on Sunday. for his noble character, died a week after in elections for the anti-Union party. At Col- Arkansas, of the death of the rebel General This our officers knew to be a falsehood .- his wasted and outraged home. I shall not umbus he met McClellan's letter of accept General Bailey exclaimed: "General, don't imitate their example by picking up from the ance, and forthwith recalled his appoint repeat that. You are old enough to be my filthy gutter of the Southern press vile epi- ments for Pennsylvania. The Ohio State father, and I will not call you liar or coward; theta to designate the commander of the Central Committee also had made appointfather, and I will not call you har or coward; theta to designate the commander of the but I beg of you, for the honor of manhood. Confederate forces. They were led by their ments for him in various sections of his own have an effectual cure for this truly trouble trict. not to repeat that statement." It was clear- worshipped General, Thos. J. Jackson, for State; but they immediately issued a noly ascertained that the spiking was not elsected till Tuesday morning, after the surrender had taken place. On Monday night our batterries, conspicuous among which whom they claim the character of a Christian hero. With him, a volunteer aid came Chas. J. Faulkner, another relative of Col. Strother, who had, a few months before, been were the First Indiana and Seventeenth Ohio. were the First Indiana and Seventeenth Ohio, United States Minister to France. Which squabbles in the harmonious family of the a permanent core. This seems to be the case day of its next October term, the 3d day of October ter fifty yards of the glacis of the fort. The breaking of the window panes of Lower getically pursue their way; and work- aration. It is manufactured at No. 6, East behalf.

Gov. Johnson, of Tenn., has ordered We have no war news. There apthat all the able bodied male citizens of pears to be no change in military affairs. that State, between the ages of 18 and 45 The lull, we think, presages important move-

It is said that an envoy was lately | 100 Two English blockade runners were has given as candidates for President and Gold. ent to Maximilian by Jeff. Davis to open caught last week off Wilmington, N. C. Vice President. The leading members,diplomatic relations between the rebel chief They are valued at over half a million of indeed nearly all,-are traitors to their coun-

Confederacy, that it was not a recognized appears to be out of temper at a corres Long, Wood, Powell, etc., and hold council a false charge against the Unionist and Government, should be no mystery to the gests that, to save the credit of the Peace gests that, to save the credit of the Peace teems with falsehoods about the President or profession, they aim at the same thing,—

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October 15 Control of the Peace teems with falsehood about the President or profession the president or profession the professi Chicago Convention should re-assemble, party. Lies and falsehoods are the pabulum struction of the Government. To hide their rye \$1 20. and apologize to him for the wild proceed- upon which it exists. We were told of the treason, they cry out for the Constitution; ings of Commodore Farragut and Gen. Sher- falsehood, but as it might as well be about while their aim is to build up and establish refined, crushed, granulated, and powdered, 15@ man, assure him that the capture of the us a about others we let it pass as unworthy a Southern and a Northwestern Confederacy, 33c. New Orleans molasses \$1 20. Sirup

A1 2 o'clock, A. M., September 12, a HIS GENTLE BLOOD.—The biography of Gen.
McClellan says he is descended from Lord
town. Loss estimated at \$200,000; insurance \$40,000.

Two rebels, one of whom is charged spirit of popular government to bow down to Quantrill, the leader in the Lawrence masone of gentle blood, and despise one who has sacre, were arrested at Indianapolis, Sept. 10. come up from the plow, that Democrats in Steps have been taken to ascertain the iden-

> The Democrats of the Second Conconsistent to his "peace on any terms" prinunanimous. So he was laid upon the shelf.

A Boston man, who has already suc cessfully introduced many improvements in The person to whom the despatch was the manufacture of fibrous and felted goods, addressed was one of the accomplices of has patented a process for making paper Clay, Holbrooke, & Co., from Richmond, stock from flax, wool, or other fibrous mastaying at Halifax. Philemore is the editor terials, by which it is claimed that one-hali of the London organ of the Southern trai- the chemicals now used will be saved, and that good stock may be made for less than six cents per pound. We trust that what is

The bids for the \$33,000,000, Governwill give a majority for the Union candidate This shows the value capitalists place upon

SECTIONAL PARTIES.—Those who made

### The Court of Appeals.

It will be remembered by readers that the manner. What made the phenomenon more finish the call of the Docket of the Summer

our country. Perhaps an honorable and prisoners taken by Sherman's army were such men any better than traitors? regiments from Kentucky, (Lewis's rebel the offer of peace. Why that has been done

### The Harmonjous Democracy.

In our Monday's issue we published a tel-New York News, Ben Wood's organ, repueither to remodel the platform or nominate another candidate.

We have information that Vallandigham

#### Commonwealth Correspondence.

DEAR SIR: The Chicago Convention

ROCKCASTLE COUNTY, KY., Sept. 7, 1864. Editor Frankfort Commonwealth :

try. How men who profess to love their country, could sit in the same hall with Our friend, the Lexington Unionists, Vallandigham, Thos. H. Seymour, Wickliffe, pondent in the Louisville Journal, making with them, as to the future destiny of the and maintain the right of secession. The \$1 10@1 25. Pepper 45@46c spice from 38@40c. peeches in the Convention prove this.

The Wickliffe delegates and the Guthrie-Prentice delegates, who went from Kentucky, understood each other. They acted together in the Convention ; -that they acted in concert there is no doubt. So at home. Not one of them volunteers for the army not one Timothy .. by a refugee to be no other than the guerrilla of them is to be found in the army, and will Bluegrass, at'pd not be till doom's day, unless he is forced there by the draft. Our members of Congress all left the Union platform upon which they were Buckwheat..... elected, save Smith, Randall and Anderson. Peas (May) ... And so with Garrett Davis, who has shame-Last week we published a telegram gressional District of Ohio, have overslaugh- he was elected, and violated all his pledges of from Geo. N. Sanders. It appears the use of ed Mr. Alexander Long, and nominated a Unionism. Powell acted more like a man. with the Southern traitors, and against his ciple; and while he went for the platform he country. He practiced no deception Brutus firm during the week. The sales on the 5th did not to make McClellan's nomination J. Clay, after his son was taken prisoner from \$8 00 to \$38 per 100 pounds. whilst commanding a rebel force invading Kentucky, and the negro enrollment was

determined upon, deserted to the rebels. There are other high officers who attended the Convention, that have deserted the Union platform upon which they were elected, and the pledges of Unionism they avowed, to secure the votes of Union men They will be held to account, when the voters of Kentucky can have an opportunity at the polls.

Be assured this Congressional district is Union four to one. The news of the fall of WE are now receiving a large assertmen Atlanta cast a gloom over the secesh; both men and women. The latter are more vioent than the men, in speaking their treasonable sentiments. We are blessed with the prospect of good crops of corn in this district. Unless the rebels come, the people will have an abundance. This district has furnished more soldiers for the Union army than any other in the State; and, be assured that there will be a grand turn out to quell the tories amongst us, or to beat back

We are not run mad about the negro. now see that the same alleged proof "sec- States, where, every Union man will adtionalism" lies against the present Chicago mit, it is a deserved retribution upon the CURIOUS AND BEAUTIFUL HEAVENLY PHE- ticket. McClellan and Pendleton are not traitors. In Kentucky and Tennessee there NOMENON.-The Cincinnati Times of Septem- only both from the North, but lack very is no disposition of the President to set the ber 1, says: A friend described to us last little of being from the same State, for Me- negroes free. It was by act of Congress that evening a beautiful and striking heavenly Clellan was but recently a resident of Ohio, colored men were enrolled, and when enlistphenomenon that attracted his attention just from which State he was appointed Major ed the owners are paid \$300 each. Surely Union men will not complain in obeying the laws of the land. It is that for which the Union men are now fighting, and will con-—red, white, and blue—which were painted across the western sky in an exquisite day of July last, to the 12th September, to the laws. The right to make the phenomenon more liers of negroes, I believe is not denied and the pay of \$300 each is a gratuity. The negroes never would have been called into the service, as soldiers, but for the refusal of the secesh to enlist into the service of their to fill their quotas made it necessary. And the large majority of the Conservatives, like the rebels, think more of the negro than they do of the Government. They are all willing for Union men, and the sons of beautiful harbinger of the good news that We have read a letter from a Frank. Union men, to fight the battles of the Union followed. If such was the case-and we fort officer, dated "on the battle near ones and the Constitution; but they and their the platform, but Seymour declared them out feel disposed to let a person think so without boro', Georgia, September 3d," in which, negroes must be left alone! If either are calling him supersitions-who knows but after saying Sherman had badly wnipped touched, they denounce the Government, what it presaged other glorious things for the rebels, the writer states, that among the and give aid and comfort to the traitors. Are

brigade;) and that he noticed John Stout, time and again, by proclamation; and it A great many crocodile tears have of Frankfort, B. F. Brown, of Franklin was rejected each time with scorn even county, and John Y. Rankin, of Lexington, before the negro element was interrupted. sident called for a man. (He was too slow.) He says he saw on the Jonesboro', battle- They robbed the Government of its forts, arfield "over 300 hundred dead traitors, and 4 senals, arms, and ships, and money; they if not claimed and taken by his owner.

H. BURNETT, J. S. C. on green corn. But, one consolation, we are of War boasted that their armies would soon be in Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, etc., and dictate terms of peace at the foot of the monument on Bunker Hill

This is the treatment the cowardly Chica go Convention ignores, or is willing to pocket; and for the Government resisting which, the leaders of that Convention now are will ing, and desire the country to fall upon their knees and beg the pardon of Jeff Davis, Bob Toombs, J. R. Benjamin & Co.! Will proud has also repudiated McClellan. He was Kentucky do it? "Never! Never! Never!"

> There is a report from Little Rock Sterling Price, from dysentrey.

surrender next morning saved them from branches of the mutilating the pictures of work—work and thus deserve the success fourth street. Cincinnati, O., and sold by all J. W. Tevis, U. S. M. K. D. bey will surely win.

A. MERIWETHER, U. S. M. K. D. to show cause why it shall not be done.

Porte Crayon's" cottage?

August 31, 1864.—w4t.

August 31, 1864.—w4t.

#### LOUISVILLE MARKET. SEPT. 12, 1864.

Gold tumbled considerably to-day. We quote Buying. Selling. ... 215½@... 226@228 s .... 231@232 ..... i

Demand notes..... ...@.... POTATOES. - Market quiet; sales at \$3 75@4 75. BUTTER AND EGGS .- Butter is in demand and saleable at 45@50c. Prices very unsettled. Eggs are selling at 20 to 23c ₽ dozen.

DRIED FRUIT .- Apples selling at @101/2c, and peaches at 17@17c.

gests that, to save the credit of the Peace teems with falsehoods about the President or profession, they aim at the same thing,—
party with the Court of Jeff. Davis, the and the Administration, and the Union the dissolution of the Union, and the Union, and the Union, and the Union, and the developed the dissolution of the Union, and the dissolution of the Union, and the dissolution of the Union the Union

GROCERIES -- Coffee held at at 50@51c. Sugar un-Rice 12@13c. Teas, Gunpowder \$1 40@\$2. Oolong 80@\$1 50.

HAY-Unchanged. We quote at \$22@23 pe

ton; retailing from store at \$25. SEEDS-In good demand. Clover, Millet, and Hungarian grass higher. We quote as follows: Clover ......... P bushel (60 tbs.) at \$16 00@18 0 1 75@..... 3 00 (14 lbs. 3 50@4 0 Chinese sng ea. (38 fbs. fully deserted the Union platform upon which | Hungarian grass rchard grass .. (14 tbs.)

> (44 tbs.) 3 25@.. Tobacco.-The market has been active an amounted to 147 hogshead, at prices ranging

### FARM WANTED.

ENTY-FIVE or a HUNDRED acres, sit uated within six or seven miles of the city of Frankfort. Any one having such a farm will do relt by calling at or addressing J. G. T., at the Sopt. 9, 1864-tw4t.

FALL.

### TO Wholesale Buyers.

Ribbons, Bonnets, Hats, Flowers & Silks,

In fact everything in the Millinery line in Fa and Winter styles. DEVOU & CO,

83 and 85 Pearl Street. DEVOU & Co., 83 & 85 PEARL ST., WHOLESALE MILLINERY GOODS,

Clorks and Shawls. CLOAKS.

We are now manufacturing our new styles of loaks. In this department will be found the most implete assortment in this Market.

SHAWLS A full assortment in all desirable makes. DEVOU & Co., 83 & 85 Pearl St.

### UNIVERSITY OF LOUISVILLE Medical Department.

THE TWENTY-EIGHTH ANNUAL SESctober, 1864, and continue four months. BENJAMIN R. PALMER, M. D., Professor o e Principles and Practice of Surgery and Clini

J. LAWRENCE SMITH, M. D., Professor o THEODORE S. BELL, M. D., Professor of the

cience and Practice of Medicine.
LLEWELLYN POWELL, M. D., Professor of bstetric Medicine.
J. W. BENSON, M. D., Professor of Anatomy

LEWIS ROGERS, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
GEORGE W. BAYLESS, M. D., Professor of

Physiology and Pathological Anatomy. THOS. P. SATTERWHITE, M. D., Demon rator of Anatomy For further information or circular address J. W. BENSON, M. D.,

Dean of the Faculty. Louisville, Sept. 12, 1864.—tw4t.

### NOTICE.

HEAD-QUARTERS ACTING ASSISTANT PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL

For Ky, Louisville, Ky., Aug. 31, '64. THE PROVOST MARSHAL GENERAL DI rects that volunteering may be continued for the 5TH OF SEPTEMBER and be cred ted on the quotas of the coming draft to the las practicable moment before the drafted men ar

credited and sent to rendezvous.

W. H. SIDELL,

Maj. 15th U. S. Inf. A. A. P. M. G. gept. 5, 1864-tS10th.

### NOTICE.

COMMITTED TO THE JAIL OF SHELBY county, as a runaway, a negro boy named HENRY, about 16 years old, dark color. Says e belongs to Charles Ennis, of Fayette county Said boy will be disposed of according to law

Sept. 13, 1864-w1m.

### UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, SE

Inited States of America D. No. 189. Hugh Leonard.

Whereas, an information has been filed in the District Court of the United States, within and for the District of Kentucky, on the 1st day of April, A. D., 1864, by J. Tevis, Esquire, Attorney tho prosecutes herein, in behalf of the Unite tates, alleging in substance that said Hugh eenard since the 17th day of July, 1862, has done the acts and committed the offences, announced by the 5th and 6th sections of the act of Congress, approved 17th July, 1862, entitled "an act to supress insurrection, to punish treason and rebellion, o soize and confiscate the property of rebels, and or other purposes." And that said Hugh Leonrd, at the time he did said acts and committed aid offences, ewned the property following, viz: 5 barrels of whisky and five hundred dollars in noney in the hands of Lawrence Tobin, and de

A REMEDY FOR THE PILES.—It is a blessing to the suffering to know that we

## LAND FOR SALE.

WILL SELL, at public sale, on TUESDAY, WILL SELL, at public sale, on Tuesday, the 13th day of September, 1864, if not sold at private sale before that time, A FARM in Scott county, containing Sixty-eight and a half Acres—all in cultivation. This tract adjoins the farms of Mrs. Champ and Dr. Blackburn, and is one mile from the Frankfort and Georgetown turnpike road. The improvements Georgetown turnpike road. The improvements consist of a good new FRAME HeUSE, with four rooms and hall, well finished; out buildings, good and never-failing stock and spring water.

Also, a tract of FORTY ACRES OF WOOD LAND—all fenced—and one mile from the first round treat, with a good road leading to it.

August 18, 1864-359 w3t. Lexington Observer & Reporter and Paris Citizen publish to amount of \$2 00 and charge this office.

High School for Boys and Girls. THE MISSES SMITH will re-open their school in South Frankfort, Sept. 7th, 1864. To which they propose adding a Primary Department, including boys and girls.

Augsut 16, 1864—tw&wim—3583

### THE ELEVENTH SESSION! OF MRS. HALLIE E. TODD'S School for

Children will commence on Monday, September 5, 1864, nd continue twenty weeks, at \$10 the session. No deduction made for absence except in

### High School for Young Ladies, FRANKFORT, KY.

July 20, 1864.

HE TWENTY-FIRST SESSION of this FIRST MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER.

All the branches of useful and elegant learning tre embraced in the Course of Instruction.

Terms, per session of twenty weeks.....\$26 00

JNO. R. HENDRICK.

August 8, 1864—354—twlm.

### Literary and Classical School. THE undersigned, having permanently located in Frankfort, will re-open his SCHOOL for BOYS,

in the Basement of the Presbyterian Church,

N THE SECOND MONDAY IN SEPTEMBER It is his purpose to make the School every thing hat parents and guardians can desire; and the TERMS.—For tuition per school year \$60.—

R. S. HITCHCOCK. Frankfort, August 10, 1864-355-twim.

### GLENDALE FEMALE COLLEGE. THE Collegiate year, including a period of forty weeks, is divided into two sessions; the

t session commencing on Monday, September, 1864, and the second on Monday, January

The charges for boarding, tuition, etc., are very ow, considering the present financial state of he country, the ample and elegant accommodations of the institution, and the high prices paid

for teaching, and other expenses.

Applications for admission, or for catalogues, and all letters of inquiry, or on business relating to the institution, should be directed,

GLENDALE FEMALE COLLEGE, Glendaie, Hamilton County, Ohio

## B. SAYRE'S SCHOOL

English, the Ancient Classics, and the Mathematics.

VILL commence its next annual session of forty weeks, On Monday, the 26th of September,

TERMS.—For tuition per school year, \$100, payable half on admission, half in five months thereafter. No deduction save for absence of the principal. Aug. 26-twt26th Sept.

GREENWOOD

### FEMALE SEMINARY.

FRANKFORT, KENTUCKY. Mrs Mary Trayne Runyan, Principal HE Thirty-second semi-annual session of this school will commence on Monday, Septemer 5th, 1864.

EXPENSES PER SESSION. Board, including fuel and lights ...... \$120 00 ding French and Latin...... 25.00

Shelbyville Female College. THE Twenty-fifth sessional year of this Insti-tution will commence on the first Monday of September, 1864. A very accomplished teach-er, Mrs. ELIZA SCHUE, has been employed to reside in the School room. The superior Musi-ian, Professor Kinkel, with the assistance of Miss Florence Norvell, will have charge of the Music Department. Special attention is paid to the health, and the intellectual and moral improvement of our pupils. We have been free from nolestation from soldiers. Terms moderate, com-

ared with schools of the same grade Apply for Circulars to the Principal,
D. T. STUART, Shelbyville, Ky.

Louisville and Frankfort and Lexing ton and Frankfort Railroads. UPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE.

LOUISVILLE, KY., Aug. 1st, 1864. CIRCULAR.

Y the provisions of the Excise Law, passed June 30, 1864, every parent June 30, 1864, every person giving a re-eipt for the delivery of property, is required to stamp the receipt with a two-cent Revenue Stamp. Postage stamps will not answer. I order to comply with the terms of this law, Agents will require Consignees, before the delivery of goods, to send a written order, stamped, y to another person. SAM'L. GILL, Superintendent.

The above order must be complied with or cods will be retained in the Depot at Frankfort.

T. C. KYTE, Agent. August 19, 1864.

### NOTICE.

LOST CERTIFICATES ERTIFICATE No. 2,400, for six shares of th

capital stock of the Farmers' Bank of Ken y, dated Jane 3d, 1861, and No. 2,422, fo ion of those so lost. All persons are called upon

### G. W. CRADDOCK, ATTORNEY AT LAW FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE on St. Clair Street, next door south of the Branch Bank of Kentucky.

Will practice law in all the Courts holden in the city of Frankfort, and in the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.

[April 7, 1862-tf.]

Years of age.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

WM. ROMANS, J. G. C.

### . WARNER,

DENTAL SURGEON FRANKFORT, KY.

OFFICE at Lewis B. Crutcher's, opposite the Capitol of the State.

Will be in Frankfort the second and third May 13th, 1863-tf.

### J. W. FINNELL.

February 22, 1860-tf.

V. T. CHAMBERS. FINNELL & CHAMBERS,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. OFFICE- West Side Scott St. bet. Third & Fourth

### J. H. KINKEAD,

COVINGTON, KENTUCKY.

ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW, GALLATIN, MO.

PRACTICES in the Circuit and other Courts of Daviess, and the Circuit Courts of the adjoining counties.
Office up stairs in the Gallatin Sun Office.
May 6, 1857-tf.

### LYSANDER HORD, ATTORNEY AT LAW, FRANKFORT, KY.

RACTICES Law in the Court of Appeals Federal Court, and Franklin Circuit Court.

Any business confided to him shall be faithfully and promptly attended to. His office is on St. Clair street, near the Branch Bank of Kentucky, where he may generally be found.

Frankfort, Jan. 12, 1859-tf.

JAMES SPEED ...... WM. F. BARRET

#### SPEED & BARRET. ATTORNEYS AT LAW, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

AVE associated with them SAMURL B. SMITH, of the late firm of Bullitt & Smith, in the practice of the law, under the firm of SPEED, BARRET & SMITH, and will attend the Court of Appeals, Federal Court at Louisville, and all th Courts held in Louisville. [Jan. 17, '62-1y\* [Jan. 17, '62-1y\*

JAMES HARLAN, JR.

JOHN M. HARLAN

### HARLAN & HARLAN. Attorneys at Law FRANKFORT, KY.

WILL practice law in the Court of Appeals in the Federal courts holden in Frankfort Louisville, and Covington, and in the Circuit Courts of Franklin, Woodford, Shelby, Henry

Anderson, Owen, Mercer, and Scott.

Special attention given to the collection of claims. They will, in all cases where it is desired, attend to the unsettled law business of James Harlan, dee'd. Correspondence in reference to

#### THO. E. BRAMLETTE ...... E. L. VANWINKLE BRAMLETTE & VANWINKLE,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW WILL practice in the Court of Appeals and Federal Courts held in Kentucky.
Office in MANSION HOUSE, nearly op dosite Commonwealth Printing Office E. L. & J. S. VANWINKLE

Will practice in the Franklin, Anderson, Boyle and adjacent Circuit Courts.

CO Offices—Frankfort and Danville. Sept. 14, 1863-by.

### J. M. GRAY, DENTAL SURGEON,

Office and residence on Main between St. Clair and Lewis Streets.

FRANKFORT, KY. LL operations for the Extraction, Insertion

A Regulation, and Preservation of the Teeth erformed in a scientific and satisfactory manner He would ask the particular attention of those wanting artificial Teeth to his own improvemen upon the Gold Rimmed Plate, which, for cleanli ness, durability, and neatness, cannot be excelled Specimens of all kinds of plate work may be seen at his office. Frankfort, April 22, 1863-1y.

### Kentucky River Coal.

HAVE just received a fresh supply of the
BEST KENTUCKY RIVER COAL; also a
arge lot of CANNEL, Pittsburg, Youghiogheny,
and Pomeroy, which I will sell at the lowest
market price. All orders will be promptly filled. large lot of CANNEL, Pittsburg, Youghiogheny, and Pomeroy, which I will sell at the lowest market price. All orders will be promptly filled for any point on the railroad or city, by applying to me by mail, or at my Coal Yard in Frankfort. I feld twiff. S. BLACK.

V. BERBERICH WEITZEL & BERBERICH,

MERCHANT TAILORS. Would respectfully inform the citizens of Frankfort and vicinity that they have opened a select stock of spling goods for Gentlemen's wear, which they will sell low for cash.

They will carry on the Tailoring business in all its branches, and will warrant their work to give satisfaction, both as to its execution and the charges made for it. Terms cash

satisfaction, both as to its execution and the charges made for it. Terms cash.

Their business room is under Metropolitan Hall, and next door to the Postoffice. August 3, 1863-tf.

### Proclamation by the Governor. \$300 REWARD. COMMONWEALTH OF KENTUCKY,

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT. WHEREAS, it has been made known to me that JOHN TANNER was committed to the Garrard county jail, for the alleged murder of his wife, two children and sister-in-law, and for arson; he made his escape from jail en the 15th July, 1864, and is now a fugitive and going at

Now, therefore, I THOS. E. BRAMLETTE, Governor of the Commonwealth aforesaid, do hereby offer a reward of THREE HUNDRED DOLLARS (\$300) for the apprehension of the said John Tanner, and his delivery to the Jailor of Garraed county, within one year from the date hereof.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I L. S. have bereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Commonwealth to be affixed. Done at Frankfort this 22d day of July, A. D., 1864, and in the 73d year of the Commonwealth.

THOS. E. BRAMLETTE.

By the Governor: E. L. VAN WINKLE, Secretary of State. By Jas. R. Page, Assistant Secretary.

DESCRIPTION. He is about 35 or 40 years old, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, dark hair, rather sallow complexion, weighs about 135 pounds, has a stoppage or stammering in his speech, articulates imperfectly, and in the habit of repeating the last words of levery sentence. At first the impression is made that he is simple minded or foolish.

July 24, 1864-3m-348.

### NOTICE.

THERE was committed to the jail of Garrard county, a runaway slave calling himself HARLAND, who says he belongs to Clayton Carter, of Lincoln county. Said boy is of copper color, weighs about 180 pounds, about 30 or 35

June 27,1864 -336-1m.

### COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

The Falmouth Bridge Co., Plaintiffs, In Equity

against Thos. J. Oldham and others, Defts. N pursuance to an order of the Pendletor Circuit Court, rendered at its April term, 1864, will, as Commissioner, appointed in this cause, offer for sale, at Public Auction, on the 1st Monday in August next, it being County Courtday, on credits of 6, 12, 18 and 24 months, at the Court House door in the town of Falmouth, Ky., the Wire Suspension Bridge over main Licking river at said place, with all its appurtenances, privileges, franchise, stocks, real estate and personal effects. The purchaser will be required to execute bands with good security, bearing interest from date. good security, bearing interest from date. O. A. WANDELOHR, Commission FALMOUTH, June 27, 1864—336—6tw3w.

TATE OF KENTUCKY, Ss. FRANKLIN COUNTY COURT, JULY TERM, 1864. ohn W. Sanders, Plaintiff.

against William Sanders, Letitia Sanders, Henry Sanders, Alexander Sanders, and Tilman Sanders, heirs Defendants. at law of William Sanders, Sr.,

HIS day Plaintiff filed his petition for a divis ion of lands which belonged to William San-ers, Sr., deceased, at his death, and showed that ders, Sr., deceased, at his death, and showed that Alexander Sanders and Tilman Sanders, two of the defendants, are non-residents of Kentucky. It is ordered that notice of the aforesaid application be published in the newspaper called the Commonwealth, published at Frankfort, Kentucky, for three weeks consecutively, giving said non-residents notice of said application, that

they may appear thereto.
Thos. N. Lindsey, Attorney for Plaintiff.
A copy attest: A. H. RENNICK, Clerk C. C.
July 20, 1864—346—tw&w3w.

### NEW ENGLAND

Fire & Marine Insurance Comp'y OF HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Business Confined To Fire Insurance Exclusively. Toll

Chartered Capital, - - \$500,000

Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid. GEO. W. GWIN, Agent.

Frankfort April 13, 1863-by.

### FI.UX STRICKLAND'S

ANTI-CHOLERA MIXTURE!

### SOLDIERS!

You ought not to be without such a valuable medicine. The Cincinnati National Union, of April 24th, says: that thousands of our soldiers have been saved by the use of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture. For sale by Druggists at 50

May 25, 1864-w&tw1y-325.

### FAMILY DYE COLORS. Patented October 13, 1863.



For Dyeing Silk, Woolen and Mixed Goods Shawls, Scarfs, Dresses, Ribbons, Gloves, Bonnets, Hats, Feathers, Kid Gloves, Childrens' Clothing, and all kinds of Wearing Apparel.

REFA SAVING OF 80 PER CENT. For 25 cents you can color as many goods as would otherwise cost five times that sum. Various shades can be produced from the same dye The process is simple, and any one can use the dye with perfect success. Directions in English, French, and German, inside of each package.

For further information in Dyeing, and giving a perfect knowledge what colors are best adapted to dye over others, (with many valuable recipes, purchase Howe & Stevens' Treatise on Dyeing an Coloring. Sent by mail on receipt of price-cents. Manufactured by HOWE & STEVENS,

260 Broadway, Boston.
For sale by druggists and dealers generally.
Nov. 25, 1863 wly.

### NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE Franklin county jail, as a runaway slave, on the 27th of July 1864, a negro woman calling herself MARY. She is 23 years old, copper color, 5 feet 6 inches high, and weighs about 130

y, and pay cases the law requires.
WILLIAM CRAIK, J. F. C.

July 28, 1864-1m-1648.

#### H. SAMUEL, CITY BARBER, FRANKFORT

Rooms under Commonwealth Office. F you want your Hair Trimmed, Face Shaved or your Head Shampooned, go to H. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP. Feb. 8, 1860.

COLORING. ENTLEMEN can have their Whiskers, Goatee,
Moustache or Imperial colored in the highest
style of the art, by calling at
Jan. 8, 1860. SAMUEL'S BARBER SHOP

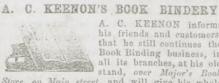
### NOTICE.

THERE was committed to the jail of Bracken county, on the 27th June, as a runaway slave, a negro man who calls himself DANIEL. Says he belongs to one Walker Thornton, of Harrison county, Kentueky. Said negro man is about 45 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, black complexion, weighs about 145 pounds. He was arrested in Reacken county. Kentueky. ed in Bracken county, Kentucky.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with as the

WM. MARSHALL, J. B. C.

July 15, 1864-1m-344.



Store, on Main street, and will give his whole attention to its management. He respectfully solicits a continuance of the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment. BOOKS ruled to any patern, and of the very best

BLANK BOOKS of every description nanufactured at short notice, to order, on rearankfort. March 23, 1863-tf.

PROSPECTUS

### OF THE NATIONAL UNIONIST

HE undersigned having purchased the mate rial, &c., of the office known as the States man office, propose to publish in the city of Lexington, Kentucky,

A LOYAL NEWSPAPER. Devoted to Maintaining the Government in Putting Down the Rebellion.

It is unnecessary for us to issue a lengthy prospectus. Suffice it to say that our paper will be an uncompromising Union paper, and an ardena advocate of the best interests of the Government of the United States, and of Kentucky; and we will spare no pains to make it worthy of the confidence and patranage of every truly loyal person. fidence and patronage of every truly loyal person.

The latest news pertaining to the War, Civil
Government, Agriculture, and a General Review
of the Markets of Agricultural Products, Greeries and Family Supplies, will be found in each

The publication will be commenced in as shor time as the necessary preparation can be made Persons obtaining ten subscribers and sending is the money, will be entitled to one copy grafis TERMS-Semi-weekly, per year, in advance, \$4 00

Weekly, per year, in advance ......\$2 00 Considering the high price of paper and other naterials, the price of the paper is low, and we tope to receive a large subscription list. Will riends of the cause exert themselves to aid us?

Address: GEO. W. & JOS. B. LEWIS,

Lexington Kentucky. March 28, 1864

# LOUISVILLE NATIONAL

A DAILY NEWSPAPER To Represent and Advocate the views of Uncon ditional Union Men.

ROM the inception of the rebellion, the genuine Union sentiment of the State of Ken-cky has found but little expression, either in the addresses of the prominent politicians or in the press. This state of things, at all times a source of murmuring, though somewhat allevia-ANTI-UHULERA MIAIURE!

I Sa composition of astringents, absorbents, stim ulants and carminatives, which every physician acknowledges is the only preparation that will effect a permanent cure of Diarrheea and Dysentery. This Anti-Cholera Mixture is now in use in several of our army hospitals where it gives the greatest satisfaction. It has saved the lives of thousands of our soldiers and citizens, and we will guarantee it to be the best remedy. in the world for Diarrheea and Dysentery.

Mr. Woods, of Covington, Ky., will be most happy to satisfy any one as to the virtue of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture; in fact we have a great number of testimonials from patients who have been cured after being pronounced incurable by their physicians, some after taking only one bottle of Strickland's Anti-Cholera Mixture. If you suffer with Diarrheea and Dysentery try one bottle.

SOLDIERS!

In so wide a field where the instruments cal-ployed must be varied, errors of judgment are unavoidable. We would not therefore, judge harshly of the means employed, whilst we see they are suggested by a sincere desire to re-es-they are suggested by a sincere desire to re-esthey are suggested by a sincere desire to re-establish the authority of the Government. In a word, we wish to teach that it is the paramount word, we wish to teach that it is the paramount duty of the Government to preserve the Union by all the means recognized by civilized warfare. Rejoicing at every triumph of our arms, we desire to affiliate with those true Union men everywhere, who hope for, and look to the nation's success in the field—not to its defeat as the

urest means of securing a lasting and honorable peace.

The vote of the people of Kentucky, on every occasion—and their resolutions in their primary assemblies, far ahead of their politicians, far in advance of their press, are to us the surest guaranty—that a majority are with us. The object of this paper is to give organization to that majority, and to develope into political action the convictions which, in their hearts the people cherish. Also, to take full advantage of the facilities at command to furnish its patrons with the current news, and to develope some important the current news, and to develope some important features of a Daily, that have not hitherto received from the press here the prominence desirable

Without waiting for the new Press, Type, &c., ordered, the Publisher, depending upon his present resources, not inconsiderable, ventures to announce the appearance of the first number on Monday, April 18th, 1864. TERMS.

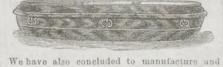
To City Subscribers, payable to the Carrier, twenty cents per week.

To Mail Subscribers, payable in advanced, \$1 00 per month; \$5 00 for six months; \$9 00 for one

L. A. CIVILL, 431 Main St., Louisville, Ky.



FISK'S METALLIC BURIAL CASES. WERE introduced into this community by myself about 1847, and a large number of calls attended with entire satisfaction, to all concerned, until 1857, when I discontinued the trade. Since that time Mr. A. G. Cammack has had the trade almost exclusively and recently expression. trade almost exclusively, and recently expressing a strong determination to retire from the business, and offering yery reasonable inducements, J. Willie Graham and myself purchased his entire stock on hand, which, together with a fine assortment of CASES AND CASKETS; received since the purchase from him, makes our present supply yery ample.



keep constantly on hand a full assortment of WOODEN COFFINS, of every size, price, and quanty.

We are also prepared to offer special inducements to undertakers in or out of the city, either for Cases, Caskets, Wooden Coffins, and every description of Coffins trimmings, all of which we in-

Statement (f the Condition

OF THE

### ETNA INSURANCE COMPANY

In the 1st day of July, A. D. 1864, made to the Anditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance with an act entitled, "an act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approv. 3d March. 1856.

HE name of the corporation is ÆTNA IN-SURANCE COMPANY, and is located a

Iartford, Connecticut. The capital is TWO MILLION TWO HUN-

	DRED AND FIFTY THOUS.	AND	DOLLAR	S
	and is paid up.			
	ASSETS.			
		alma	Market Va	.3
		and co.	\$87,963	
	Real Estate unincumbered,.		72,022	
	Cash on hand and in Bank,		12,040	8)
	Cash in the hands of Ag'ts		104 000	
5	and in transit,		124,273	Ŗ.
	Hartford, P. & F. Railroad,			
-	Mortgage Bonds, 7 per ct.,		A THAT IS	
-	semi-annual interest, 44	1,000	44,000 (	à
f	Michigan Central R. R. Co.,			
	M'tgage Bonds, 8 per et.,			
	semi-annual interest, 10	000,0	13,000 (	0
	Cleveland & P. A. Railroad,			
	Mortgage Bonds, 7 pr. ct.,			
		1,500	4,025	Ö.
	Cleveland & T. Railroad,	3	11 11 11 11 11	
	(S. F.) Mortgage Bonds,			
	7 per cent., semi-annuat			
8		5,000	29,000	n
3		,,000	20,000	0
t	Cleveland and Pittsburg,			

per cent., semi-annual

. Ft. W. & C. Railroad, (2d Mort.) Mortgage Bonds, 7 per cent., semi-annual uffalo, New York & Erie 38,000 39,140 00

Mortgage Bonds, 6 p'r ct., semi-annual interest,..... onn. River Railroad Co., M'tgage Bonds, 6 per ct., semi-annual interest, .... 30,000 33,900 00 10,000 10,600 0 ittle Miami Railroad Co. M'tgage Bonds, 6 per ct. 3,240 0 semi-annual interest,..... J. R. R., & Trans. Co., M'tgage Bonds, 6 per ct., semi-annual interest,..... Wayne County, Michigan 50,000 52,500 00 25,000 25,000 0

cent., semi-annual int.,...
Brooklyn City Bonds, (Water,) 6 per cent., semi-aunual interest,... 25,000 27,500 00 nual interest,
Jersey City Water Bonds, 6
per ct. semi-annual int.,...
Hartford City Bonds, 6 per
cent., semi-annual int.,...
Hartford City Scrip, 6 p'r ct,
semi-annual interest,.....
Town of Hartford Bonds,
[1882,4188] 16 per cent [1883 & 1888,] 6 per cent., annual interest,..... New York City Bonds, 6 pr.

ct., quarterly, ...... United States Coupon Bonds ., 182,500 191,625 00

Connecticut State Script, per cent. semi-annual in ct., semi-annual interest, R. I. State Stock, 6 pe et., semi-annual interest Ohio State Stock, 6 pr. cent 50,000 50,000 0 semi-annual interest,..... Ky. State Stock, 6 per et. 100,000 110,000 00 semi-anuual interest, ..... Michigan State Stock, 6 pr 10,000 11,000 00 et., semi-annual interest N. J. State Stock, 6 per ct. semi-annual interest,.... N. Y. State Stock, 6 pr. ct. quarterly interest,..... 15,000 15,000 00 31,000 34,720 0 76,000 50,920 00

Indiana State Stock, 21/2 pr et., semi-annual interest, Atlantic Dock Co., Mortg'e Bonds, 7 per cent., semiannual interest. Atlantic Mutual Insurance Co., Scrip, 1863, 1864,.... 500 Shares Hartford and N. Haven B. R. Co. Stock, 00 Shares Conn. River R 50 Shares Citizens' B'k S'k, 30 Shares Stafford B'nk S'k,
Stafford Springs, Conn.,
36 Shares Eagle B'nk S'k,
Providence, R. I.,
200 Shares Revere B'nk S'k,
Boston, Mass.,
100 Shares First National
Bank S'k, Boston, Mass.,
200 Shares B'k of the State
Mo. S'k St. Lonic, Mo. 1,800 1,800 00 20,000 21,600 0 Mo. S'k, St. Louis, Mo... 100 Shares Merchants Bank Stock, St. Louis, Mo..... 20,000 15,000 0 10,000

20,000 15,000 0

250 Shares State B k Stock,
Hartford, Conn., Riv. B'king Co. S'k, Hartf'd, Conn.
140 Shares Ætna B'k Stock,
Hartford, Conn.,
100 Shares Bank of Hartford County, Hartford,
Conn. 

200 Shares Nat'l Ex. Bank Stock, Hartford, Conn.,... Stock, Hartford, Communed to the eps and offer on reasonable terms.

Individuals or families can feel assured that all orders entrusted to us, will be promptly and carefully attended to. Apply to

J. R. GRAHAM & CO.,

No. 6, St. Clair St., Frankfort, Ky., opp. P. O.

Angust 26, 1863-w&twlv.

25,000 00 10,000 10,700 00 10,000 15,000 00 20,000 22,000 00 10,500 00 Stock, N. I. Chry,
300 Shares Importers and
Traders BkS'k, N. Y. C'y,
100 Shares Mercantile Bank
Stock, N. Y. City,
200 Shares Market B'k S'k,
N. Y. City,
1200 Shares Mechanics B'k
Stock N. Y. City 30,000 33,000 00 10,000 13,500 00 20,000 21,000 00 Stock, N. Y. City, ...... 0 Shares Merchants Ex-30,000 34,200 0 B'k S'k, N. Y.,..... 00 Shares Metropolitan B'k Stock, N. Y. City,...... 10,000 10.200 0 40,000 48,000 0 41,000 44,690 0 20,000 27,000 0 300 Shares Nassau B'k S'k, New York City,..... 200 Shares North River, B'k 30,000 31,800 0 10,000 11,000 0 30,000 36,000 00 20,000 22,400 00 public S'k, N. Y. City,...
400 Shares Ocean B'k Stock,
New York City,...
400 Shares Peoples B'k S'k,
New York City,...
500 Shares Phenix B'k S'k,
N. Y. City, St. S'k, 20,000 21,000 00 20,000 19,400 00 N. Y. City,
N. Y. City,
Shares Union Bank S'k,
N. Y. City,
150 Shares N. Y. L. Ins. and 10,000 11,200 00 20,000 24,000 00

Trust Co. S'k, N. Y. City, 15,000 100 Shares U. S. Trust Co. Stock, N. Y. City, ....... 10,000 30,000 00 10,000 19,000 00 \$3,401,938 56 Total assets of Company ... LIABILITIES The amount of Liabilities due or not due to banks and other creditors, .. Losses adjusted and due ... 122,625 02 small, for printing, &c. Total liabilities,. \$128,303 52 STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } 88. HARTFORD COUNTY, 188.
Thomas A. Alexander, President, and Lucius
J. Hendee, Secretary of the ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, being severally sworn, de-

pose and say, each for himself says, that the fore-going is, a full, true and correct statement of the affairs of the said Company—that the said Insu-rance Company is the bona fide owner of at least ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY THOUSAND DOLLARS of actual Cash Capital invested in Stocks and Bonds; that the above described investments, nor any part thereof, are made for the benefit of any individual exercising authority in the management of said Company, nor for any other person or persons whatever; and that they are the above described officers of the said Ætna Insurance Company.
THOS. A. ALEXANDER, President.
LUCIUS J. HENDEE, Seretary.

Subscribed and swern to before me, a

Justice of the Peace in and for said
County of Hartford, State of Connecticut,
this 2d day of July, 1864.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace. No. 20. Renewal.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE. FRANKFORT KY., July 2d, 1864. This is to certify, That DR. JOHN M. MILLS, as Agent of the Ætna Insurance Company of Hartford Conn., at Frankfort, Franklin county, has filed in this office the statements and exhibits refiled in this office the statements and exhibits required by the provisions of an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agencies of Foreign Insurance Companies," approved March 3, 1856; and it having been shown to the satisfaction of the undersigned that said Company is possessed of an actual capital of at least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars, as required by said act, the said DR. JOHN M. MILLS, as Agent as aforesaid, is hereby licensed and permitted to take risks and transact business of insurance at his risks and transact business of insurance at his office in Frankfort, for the term of one year from the date hereof. But this license may be from the date hereof. But this license may be revoked if it shall be made to appear to the undersigned that since the filing of the statements above referred to, the available capital of said company has been reduced below one hundred. above referred to, the available capital of said Company has been reduced below one hundred

and fifty thousand dollars.
In Testimony whereof, I have set my hand the day and year above written.

W. T. SAMUELS, Auditor. August 8, 1864-354-tw&wtw.

### NOTICE.

THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Franklin county Kentucky, as a runaway slave, on the 27th day of July 1864, a negro girl, call-ng herself CALLEY. She is about 17 years old feet high, weighs about 115 pounds, black color. Says she belongs to John Holloway, of Knoxville Tennessee.

The owner can come forward, prove property, 25,000 26,250 00 and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the WM. CRAIK, J. F. C. July 28, 1864-1m-1648.

### Louisville & Frankfort and Lexington & Frankfort Railroads.

FRIEGHT TRAINS leave Louisville and Lex ington Daily (Sundays excepted.) SAM'L. GILL, Sup't.

Monday, March 28, 1864 .- tf Louisville and Frankfort, and Lex-

## ington and Frankfort Railroads.

N and after Monday, Jan. 11, 1864, trains will run daily (Sundays excepted) as fol-

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Louisville at 5:35 A. M., stopping at all stations when flagged, except Fair Grounds, Race Course, Brownsboro and Belleview, connecting at Eminence with stage for New Castle, at Frankfort for Lawrenceburg, Harrodsburg and Danville, at Midway for Versailles, at Payne's for Georgetown, and at Lexington, via rail and stage, for Nicholasville, Danville, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and all interior towns.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Frank fort at 5:00 A. M., arrive at Louisville at 8:50, A. St. Louis, early the next morning.

M., and will leave Louisville at 3:20 P. M. arriving at Frankfort at 7:15 P. M.

Nicholasville .12:20 P. M. Covington ....6:00 P. M.

Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A

10,000 10,800 00

10,800 00

40,000 47,600 00

30,000 40,500 00

20,000 38,000 00

Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A

to 5 P. M.

Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburg, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt.
Storling, Winchester, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other towns in the interior for sale, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets.

SAMUEL GILL,
Jan. 9, 1864.

Superintendent.

10:40, giving time for business in Cincinnati, and taking the 2:00 P. M. Train on the I. & C. R. R. for Indianapolis, Lafayette, Chicago, Springfield, burg, Crab Orchard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt.
Storling, Winchester, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other towns in the interior for sale, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of Jefferson and Brook streets.

SAMUEL GILL,
Jan. 9, 1864.

Superintendent.

Nov. 30, 1863-tf

Gen'l Ticket Agent.

COUNTING-HOUSE CALENDAR FOR 1864.

-	1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes'y.	Thursd'y.	Friday.	Saturday,	1864.	Sunday.	Monday.	Tuesday.	Wednes'y.	Thursd'y.	Friday.	Saturday.
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## 20,000 19,400 00 SETTLEMENTS!!

Everybody wants to make out their bills, and everybody can save a vast amount of labor by having nicely

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> VERY LOWEST PRICES. August 8, 1860.

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BLANKS.

### Clerks, Sheriffs, and all other kinds of Blanks.

NOTICE. THERE WAS COMMITTED TO THE JAIL of Franklin county, on the 27th day of July, 1864, as a runaway slave, a negro woman calling herself MARTHA. Says that she belongs to Thos. Carter, of Knoxville, Tennessee. Said negro woman is about 24 years of age, of a copper color, weighs about 175 pounds, about 5 feet six inches high, and was arrested in Franklin county, Ken-tucky.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or she will be dealt with as the law requires.
WILLIAM CRAIK, J. F. C.

STATE OF KENTUCKY,

FRANKLIN COUNTY, SCT. 23,410 22,239 50
On and after Monday, March 28, 1864

50,000 110,000 00

XPRESS TRAIN LEAVES LOUISVILLE
DAILY (except Sunday) at 5:35, A. M.,
stopping at all stations except Fair Grounds,
Race Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview.
Leaves Lexington at 2:00, P. M., and arrives
at Louisville at 7:10, P. M.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN (stopping at all
stations,) leaves Louisville at 4:20, P. M.
Leaves Frankfort at 5:00, A. M., and arrives
at Louisville at 8:00, A. M., and arrives
at Louisville at 8:00, A. M.

FRIEGHT TRAINS leave Louisville and Lex
FRANKLIN County, SCT.

Idving in said county, on the Harvie Mill
road, three miles east of Jacksonville, and the
same distance from Pleasant Ridge meeting house,
ONE DARK BROWN HORSE, sixteen hands
high, four years old this spring, shoe on the right
fore foct, small white spot on the right
fore foc

Kentucky Central Railroad! WINTER ARRANGEMENT, 1863-4.

THE most direct route from the interior of Ken-

TWO PASSENGER TRAINS Leave Lexington, daily, (Sundays excepted) at 2:35 A. M. and 1:10 P. M. Leave Covington, daily, (Sundays excepted) at

6 A. M. and 2 P. M. ONE PASSENGER TRAIN

Leaves Lexington for Nicholasville, daily,
(Sundays excepted) at 11:05 A. M.
Leaves Nicholasville for Lexington, daily,
(Sundays excepted) at 12:20 P. M.
Passengers can leave by the afternoon Train,
and arrive at Pittsburg. Cleveland, Chicago, or

### And will leave Louisville at 5:20 P. M. arriving at Frankfort at 7:15 P. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2 P.

M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2 P.

M., and arrives at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville daily (Sundays excepted) at 5:30 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:00 A. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington daily (Sundays excepted) at 6:00 A. M.

Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A.

M. to 5 P. M.

Through Tickets for Danville Harrods for Lexing time for business in Cincinnati, and taking the 2:00 P. M. Train on the I. & C. R. R.

JOB ROOMS

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AT COMMONWEALTH OFFICE.

BOOKS.

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July 28, 1864-1m-1648.

tucky, to all Eastern, Northern, and North-western Cities and Towns. But one change of